



**Lech Cieřlik**  
Oracle APEX Developer

# Maps in Oracle APEX: From Basic Skills to Advanced Techniques

pretius



# Agenda

## Basic

- Spatial data types
- Map region from scratch
- Layers
- Map region attributes
- Dynamic actions
- Geocoding and Geolocation

## Advanced

- Coordinate Systems
- Performance problems (Spatial Indexes, Clusters, Faceted Search)
- WMS, WFS, Background Maps
- MapLibre (Drawing Component, Custom Layers)





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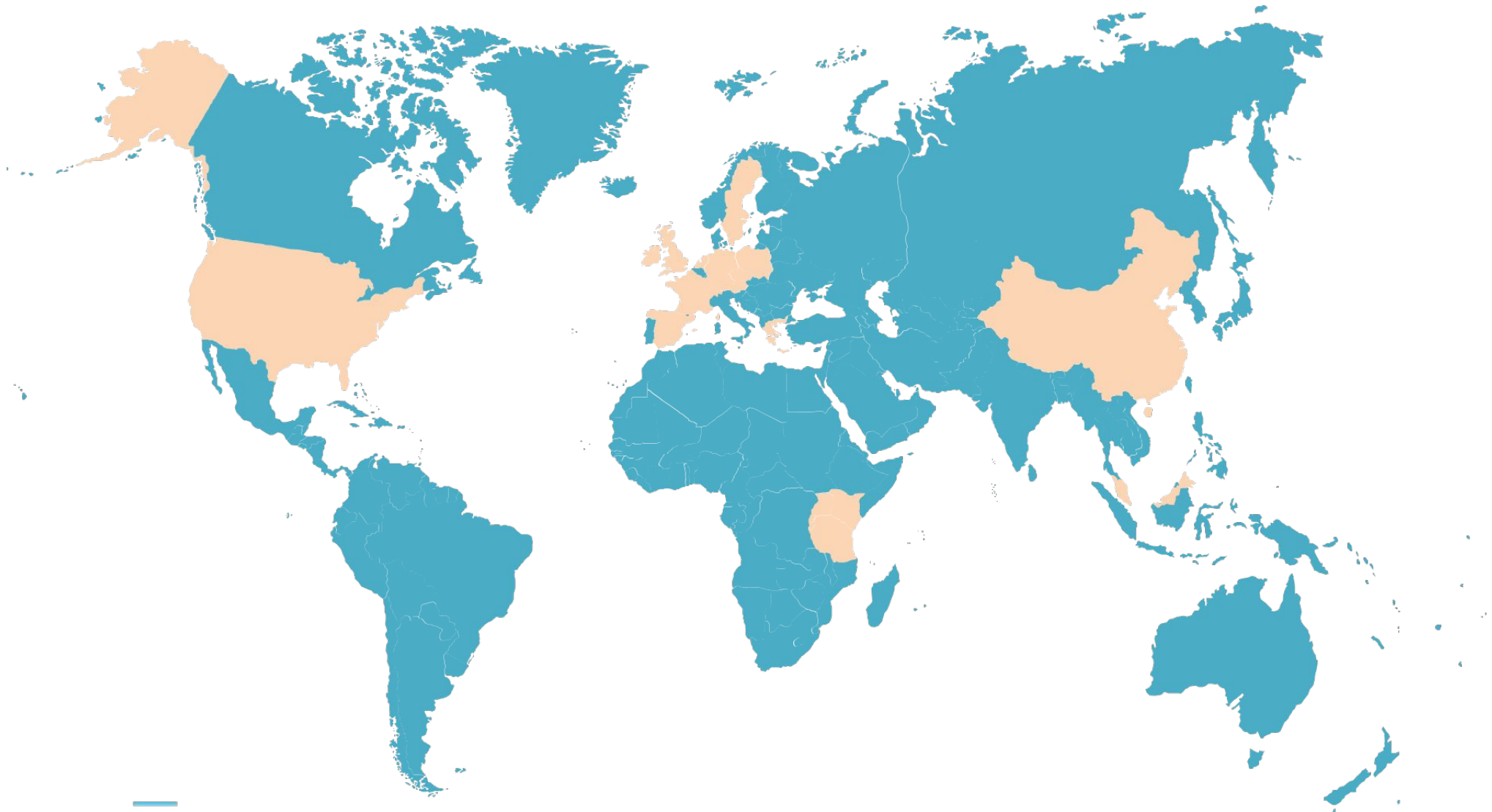
Pretius

60+  
APEX Devs

5  
Oracle  
ACEs

4  
Continents

2  
Warsaw, PL  
London, UK





# Part 1: Basics skills

## Map? What's that?

*"A geographic map is a symbolic depiction of selected characteristics of a place, usually drawn on a flat surface. It presents information about the world in a simple, visual way, showing sizes and shapes of countries, locations of features, and distances between places."*

<https://education.nationalgeographic.org/resource/map/>

*"A map is a symbolic depiction of interrelationships, commonly spatial, between things within a space."*

<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Map>

*"A document used to display and work with geographic data. A map contains one or more layers and various supporting map elements, such as a scale bar."*

<https://support.esri.com/en-us/gis-dictionary/map>







## FOREIGN SERVICE INSTITUTE LANGUAGE DIFFICULTY RANKINGS

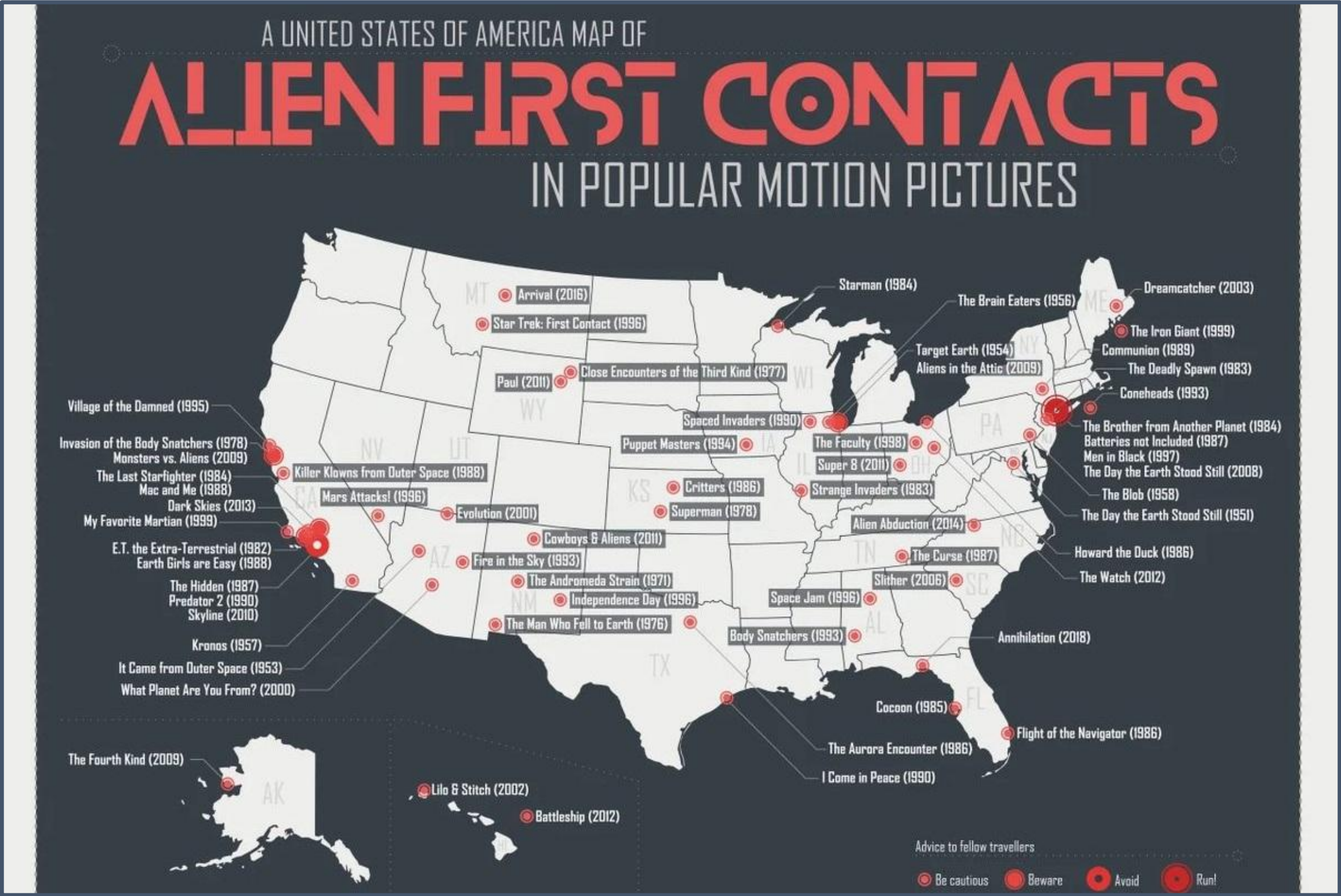
These timelines are based on what FSI has observed as the average length of time for a student to achieve general professional proficiency in the language.

- CATEGORY I: 24-30 Weeks
- CATEGORY II: Approx. 36 Weeks
- CATEGORY III: Approx. 44 Weeks
- CATEGORY IV: 88 Weeks
- UNCLASSIFIED/NA



SOURCE: [HTTPS://WWW.STATE.GOV/FOREIGN-LANGUAGE-TRAINING/](https://www.state.gov/foreign-language-training/)

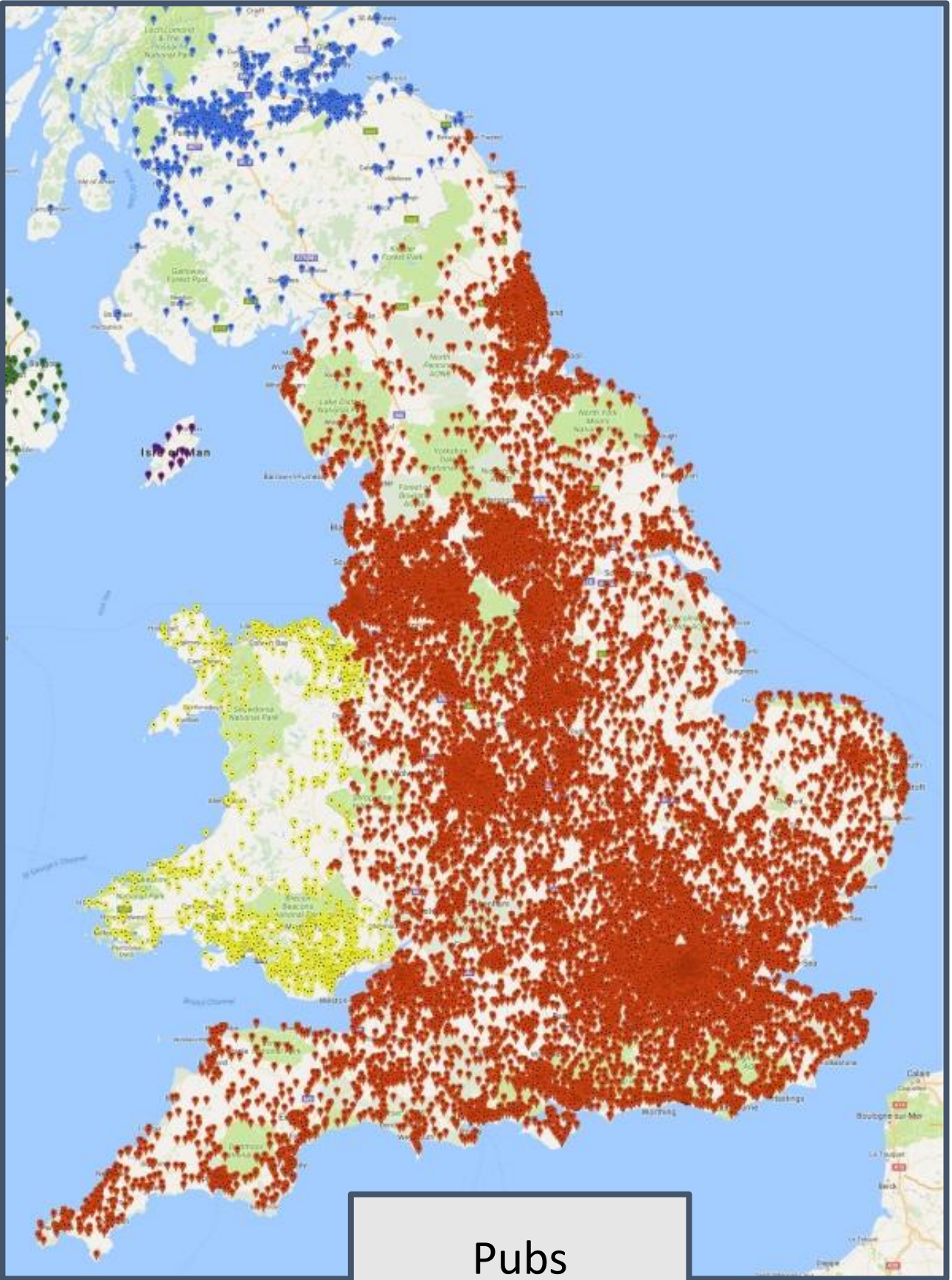








Football Clubs



Pubs



*"A map is a visual representation of spatial data."*

# Where to look for spatial data?

- government agencies;
- open data portals (cities, states, and countries have open data portals where you can access a wide range of spatial data for free);
- gis data repositories,
- academic institutions,
- commercial providers,
- non profit organizations and online communities



# London calling!

- <https://gis-tfl.opendata.arcgis.com>
- 33 districts
- 675 bus routes
- 8,700 buses
- the total length of bus routes is not known (probably several thousand kilometres)
- 39,000 pubs in England (over 3,500 in London)
- **ONE TRUE** football club: **ARSENAL LONDON**



# Spatial data types in Oracle APEX

Longitude and latitude (geographic coordinates)	GeoJSON	SDO_GEOMETRY
0.18612966342500153, 51.577878487755726	<pre>"type": "FeatureCollection", "features": [{   "type": "Feature",   "properties" : {"Name" : "Pub"},   "geometry": {     "type": "Point",     "coordinates": [0.18612966342500153, 51.577878487755726]   } }]</pre>	<pre>SDO_GEOMETRY ( 2001, 8307, SDO_POINT_TYPE (   0.18612966342500153,   51.577878487755726,   NULL) , NULL, NULL )</pre>

## SDO\_GEOMETRY - Point

SDO\_GTYPE - determine the type of the geometry (point, line, polygon, ...)

2001 – 2 dimensions/point

SDO\_SRID - coordinate system

4326 – WGS 84 (World Geodetic System '84) latitude/longitude

SDO\_POINT – point with X,Y,Z attributes

```
SDO_GEOMETRY (
2001,
4326,
SDO_POINT_TYPE (
0.18612966342500153,
51.577878487755726,
NULL) ,
NULL,
NULL
)
```





## SDO\_GEOMETRY - Polygon

SDO\_GTYPE  
2003 – 2 dimensions/polygon

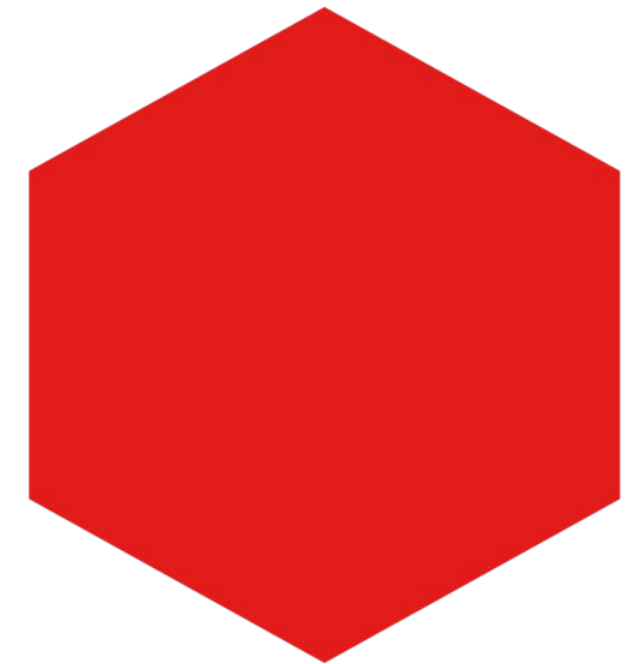
SDO\_ELEM\_INFO\_ARRAY  
geometry description  
(1,1003,1)

1 - offset,  
1003 - exterior polygon  
1 – lines (borders)

SDO\_ORDINATE\_ARRAY

List of coordinates

```
SDO_GEOMETRY (  
2003,  
NULL,  
NULL,  
SDO_ELEM_INFO_ARRAY (1,1003,1) ,  
SDO_ORDINATE_ARRAY (  
11.77,43.89, 14.54,42.74,  
12.21,41.04, 8.39,43.86,  
11.77,43.89  
) )
```



# Data Workshop

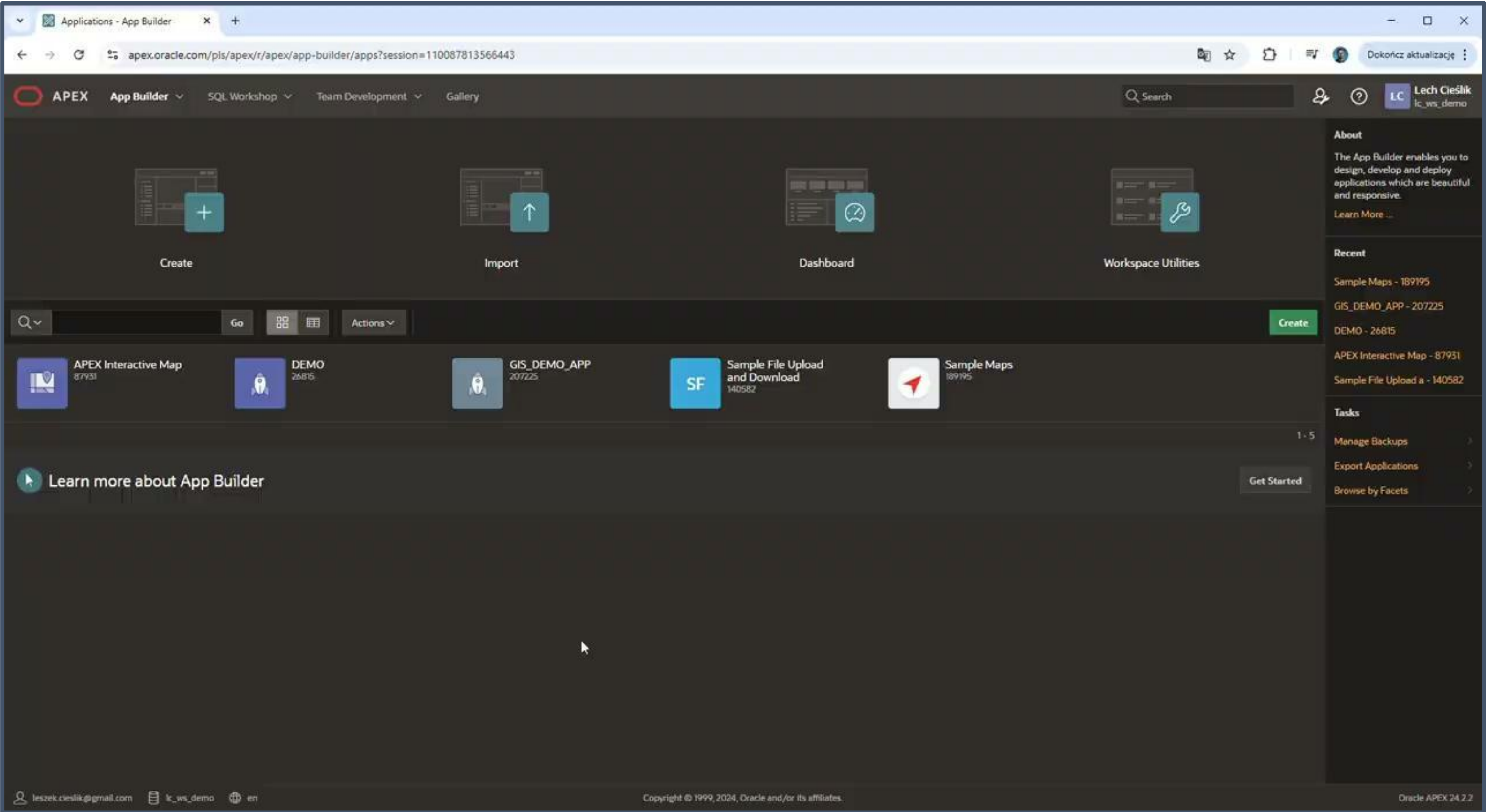
- native APEX functionality
- SQL Workshop/Utilities/Data Workshop
- Load Data from various file formats such as XLSX, CSV, XML, and JSON
- Unload Data data in text or XML
- no need to implement an ETL process
- supports table creation and much more



# SQL Workshop – Utilities – Data Workshop – Load Data

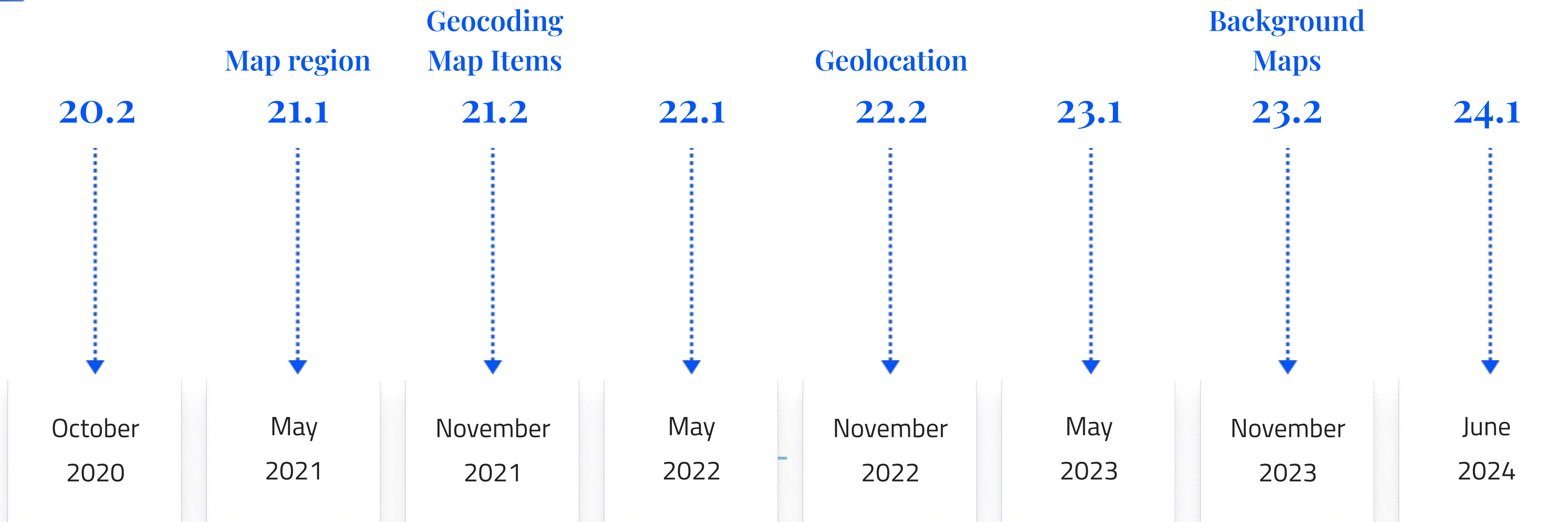
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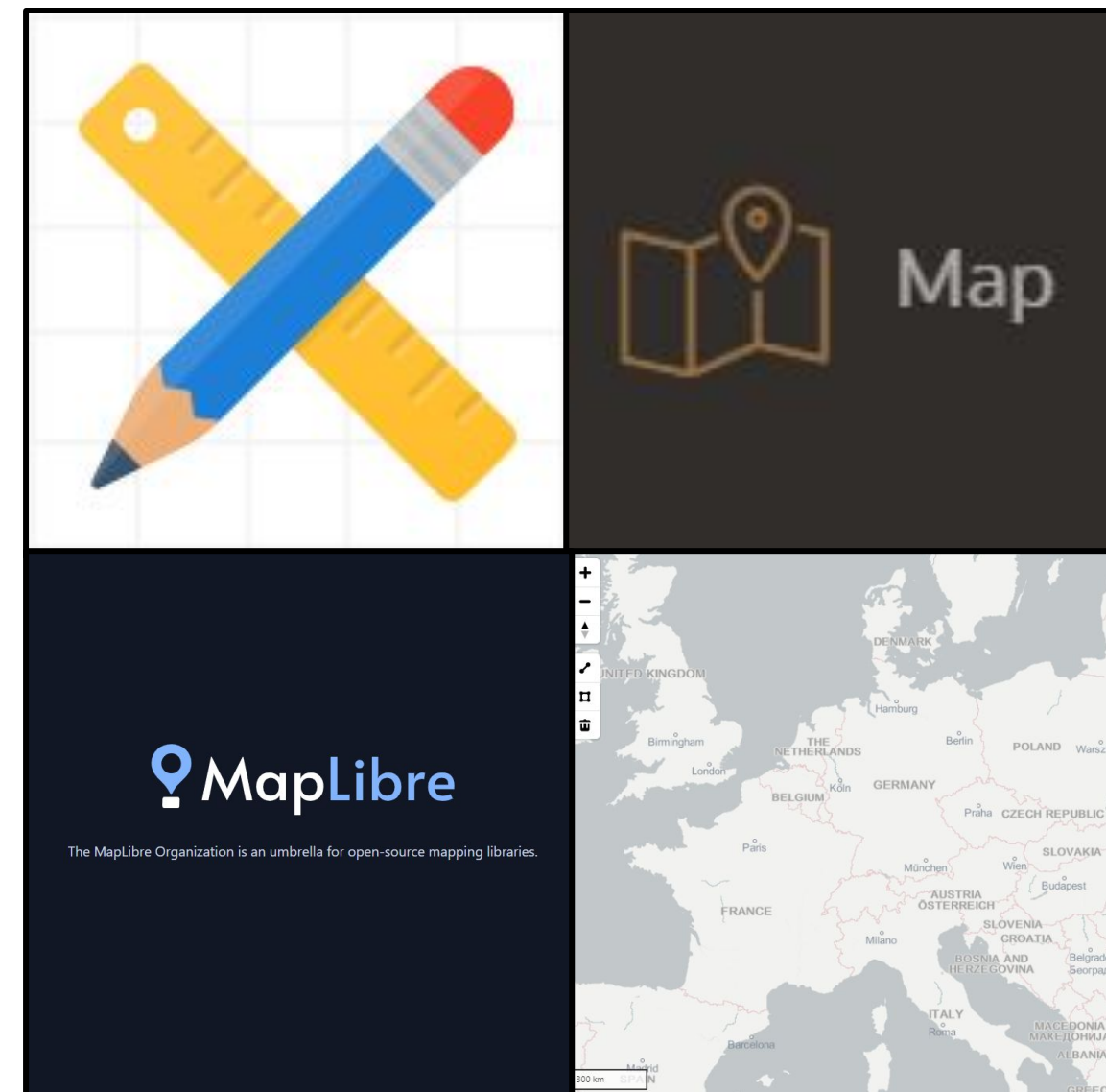


# Spatial in APEX



# Oracle APEX Map region? What's that?

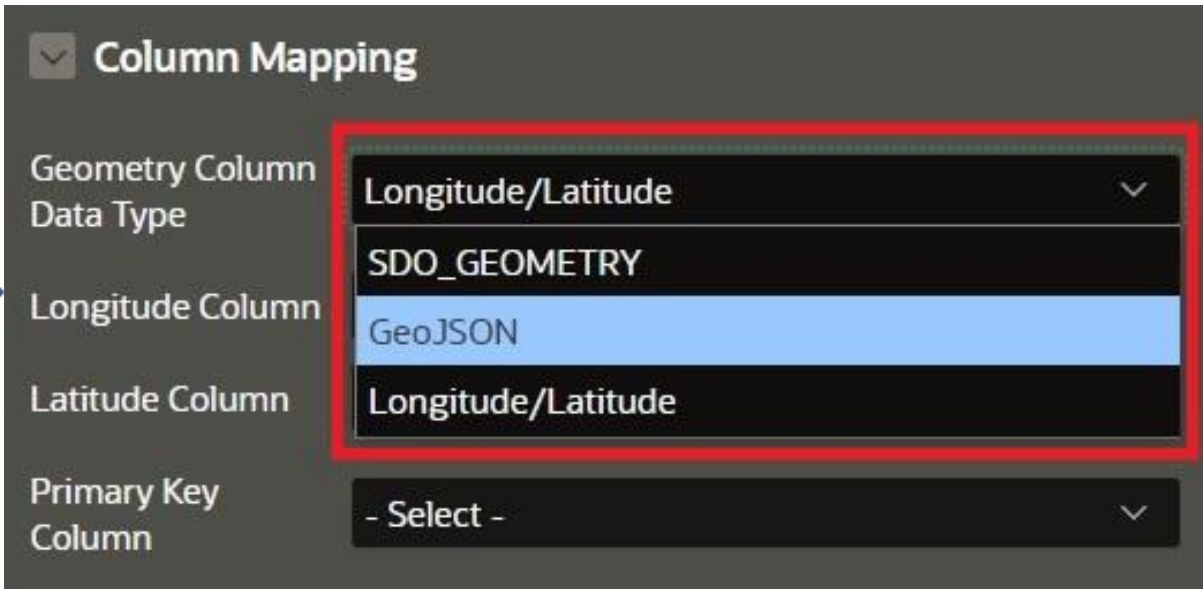
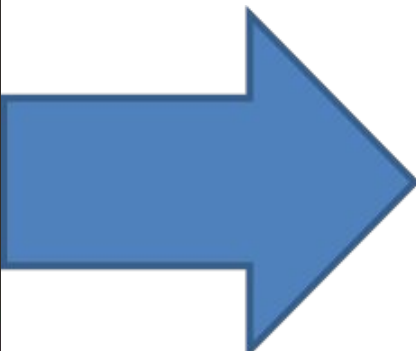
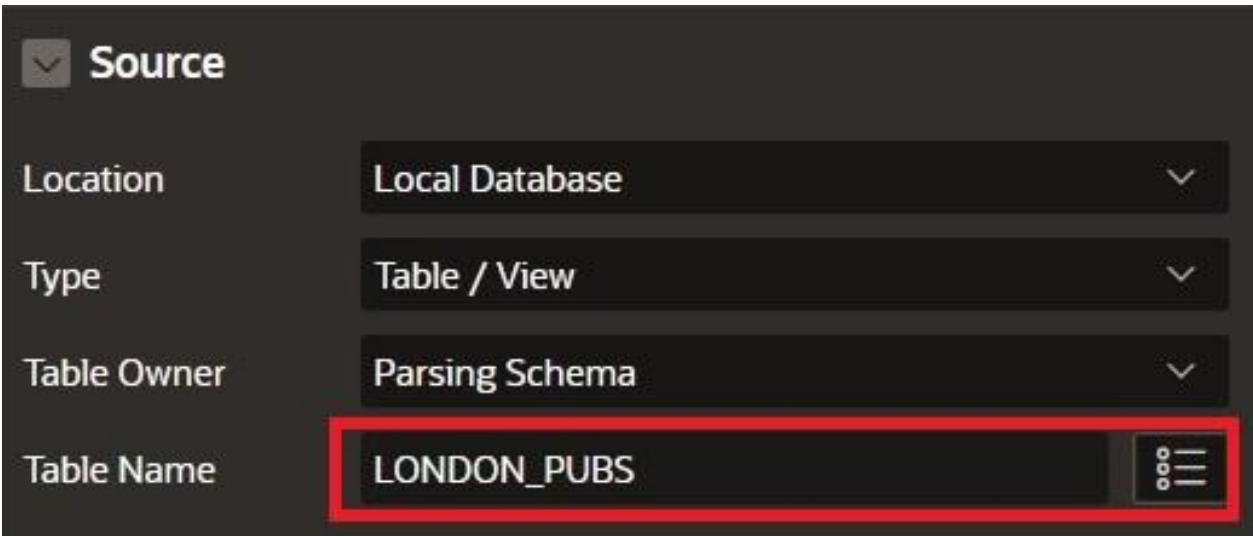
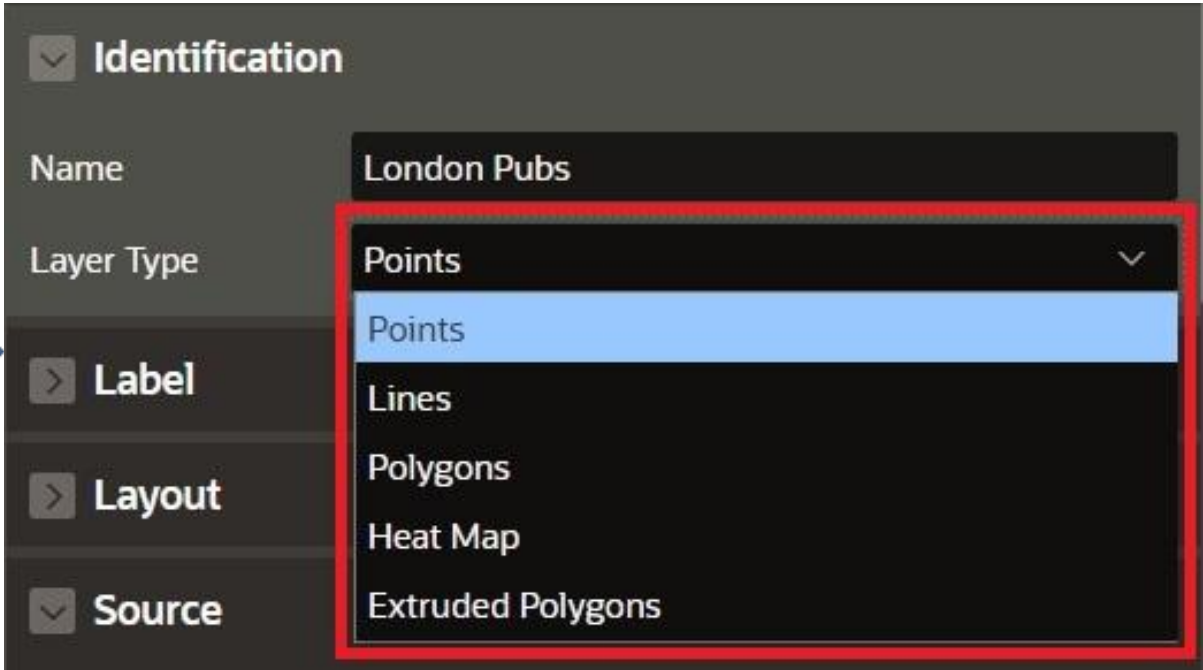
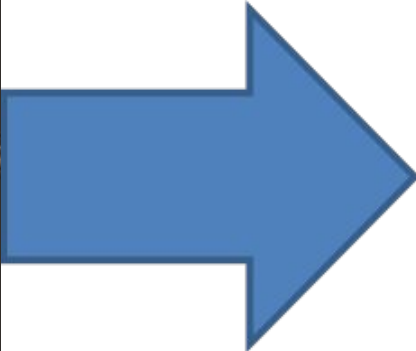
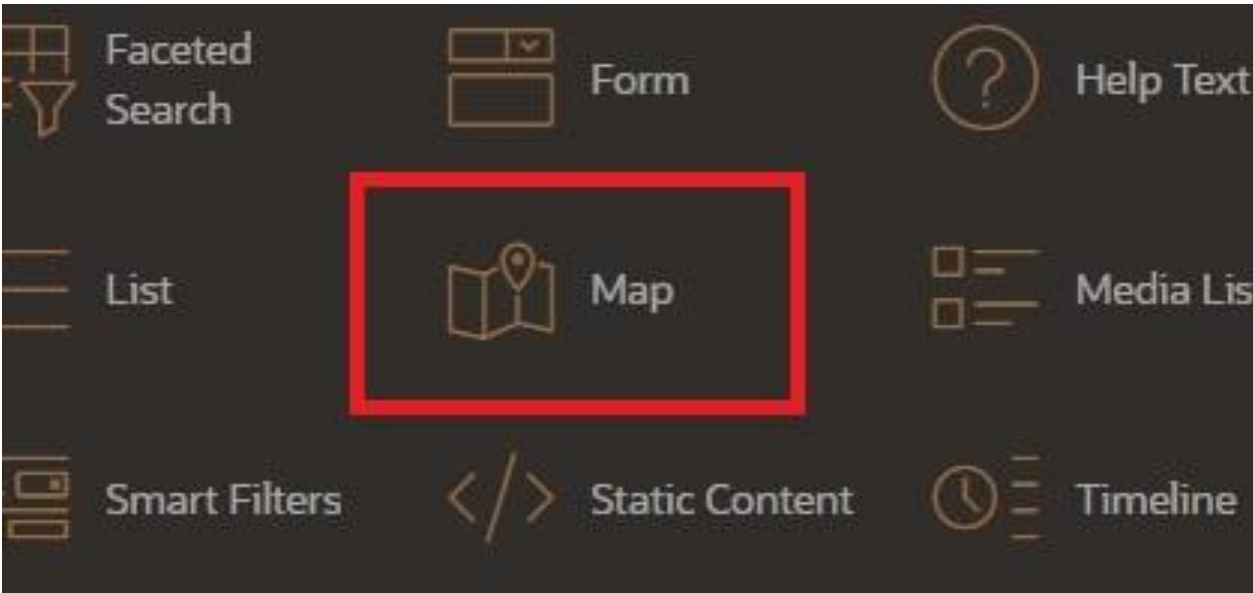
- native Map component for displaying spatial data
- introduced in Oracle APEX version 21.1
- powered by Oracle eLocation Service
- based on the MapLibre JavaScript library
- supports Oracle Spatial features as Spatial SQL functions
- allows to create layers, customization, use of dedicated dynamic actions and much more to build GIS apps in a low code way





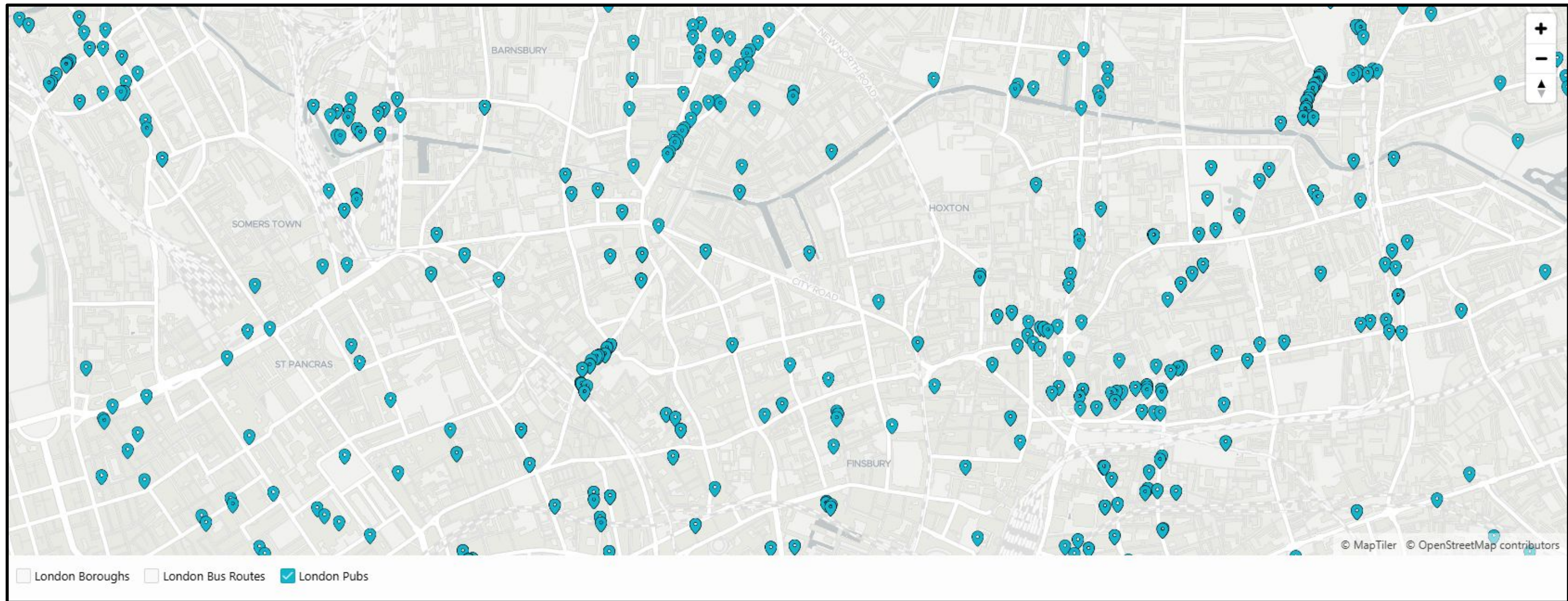
# Default layers

# Oracle APEX Map region - first steps





## Points layer (Pubs)



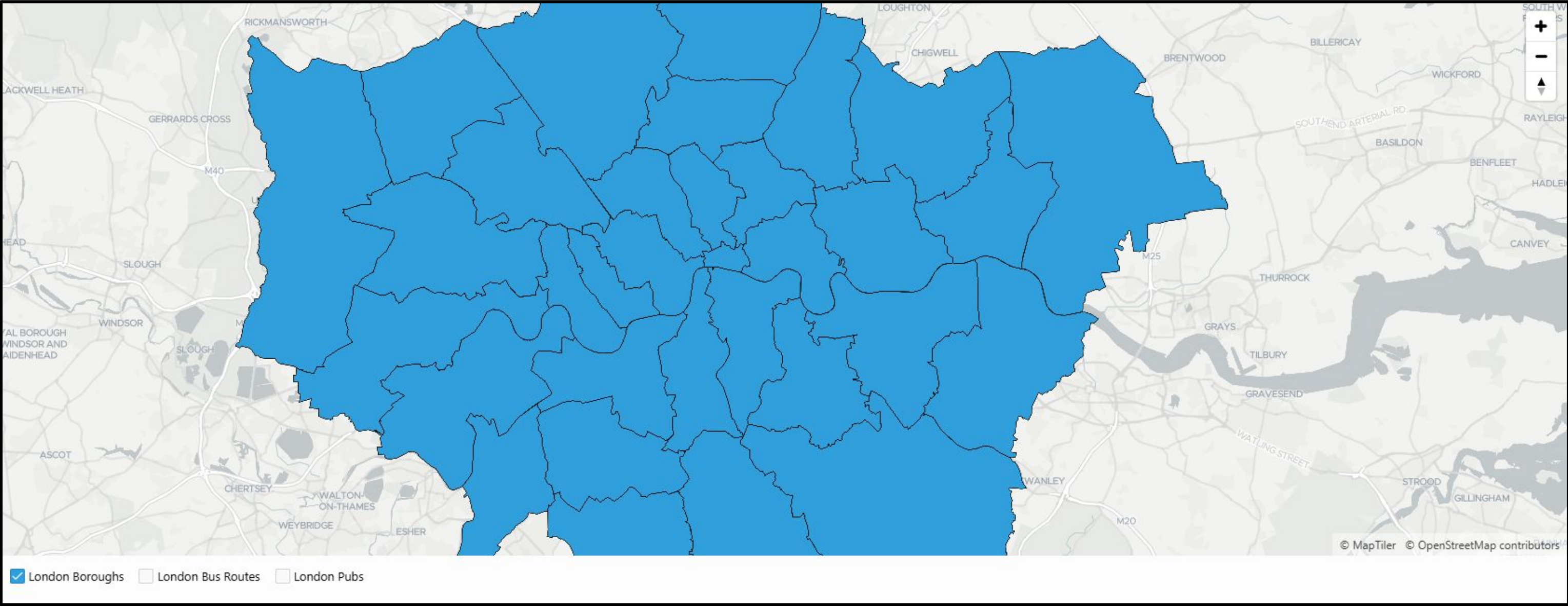


# Lines (Bus Routes)



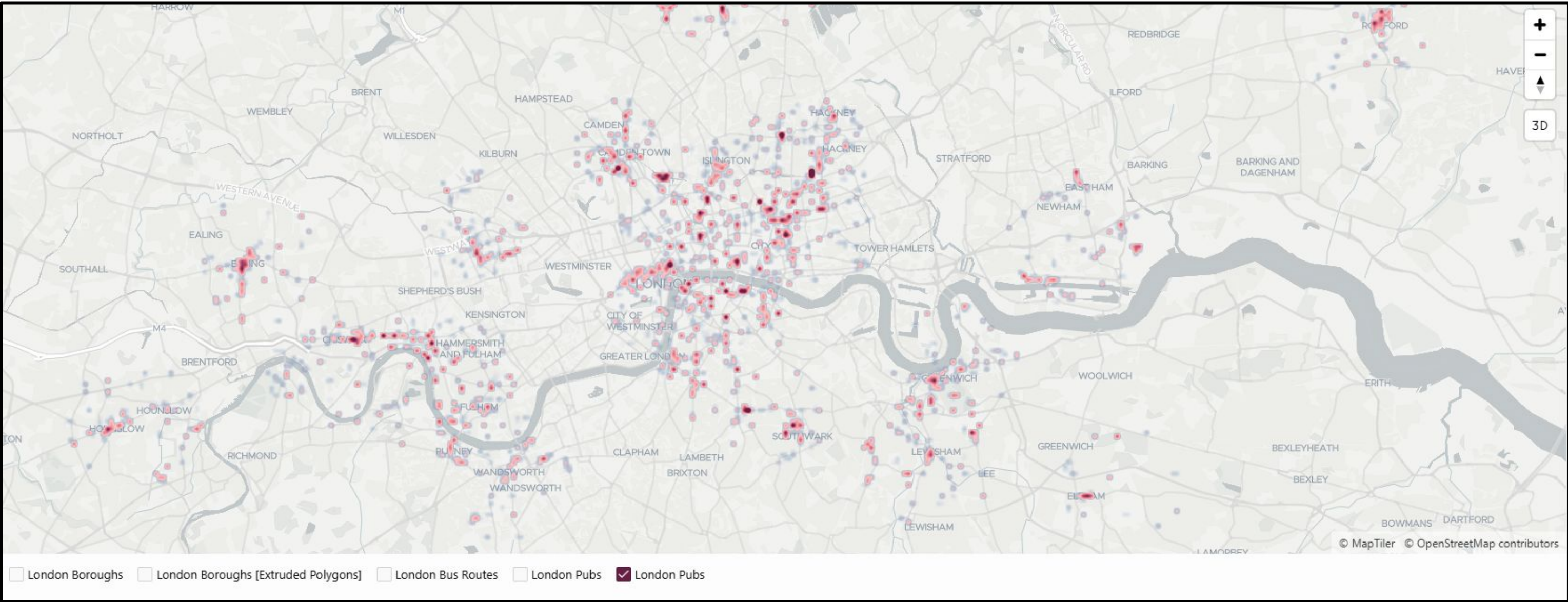


# Polygons (Districts)



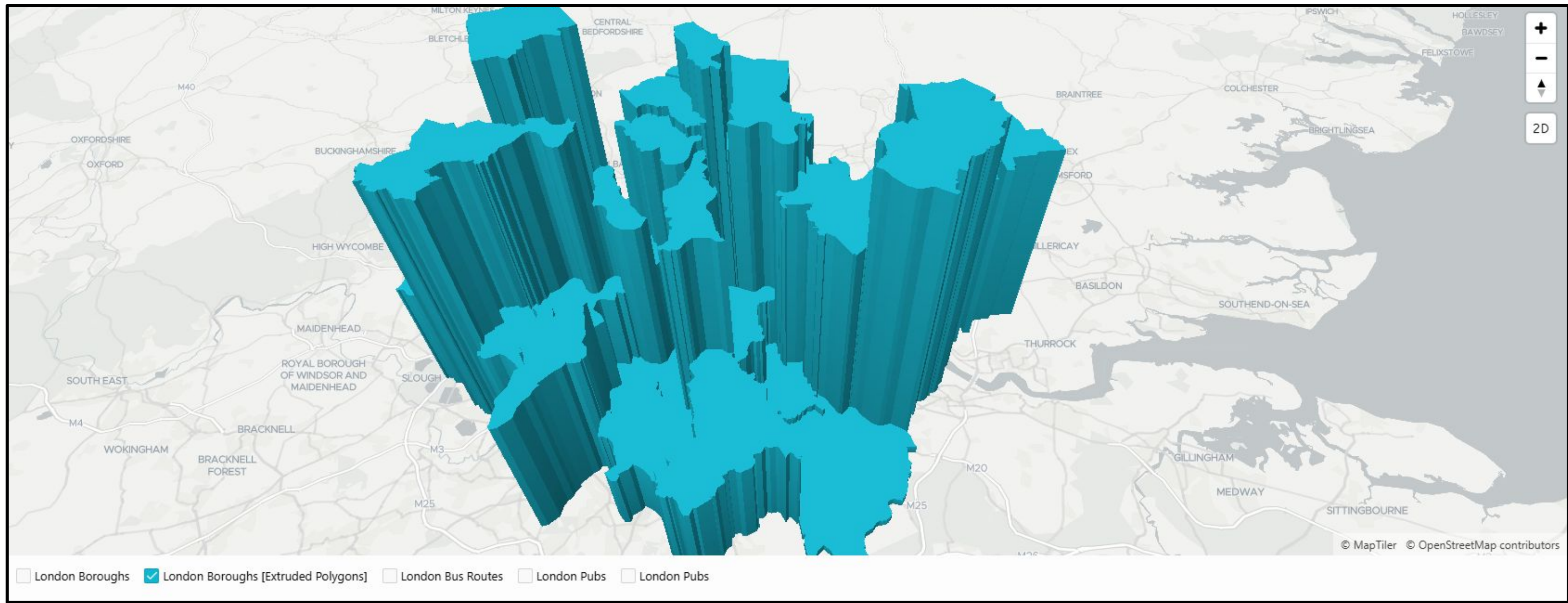


# Heat map (Pubs)



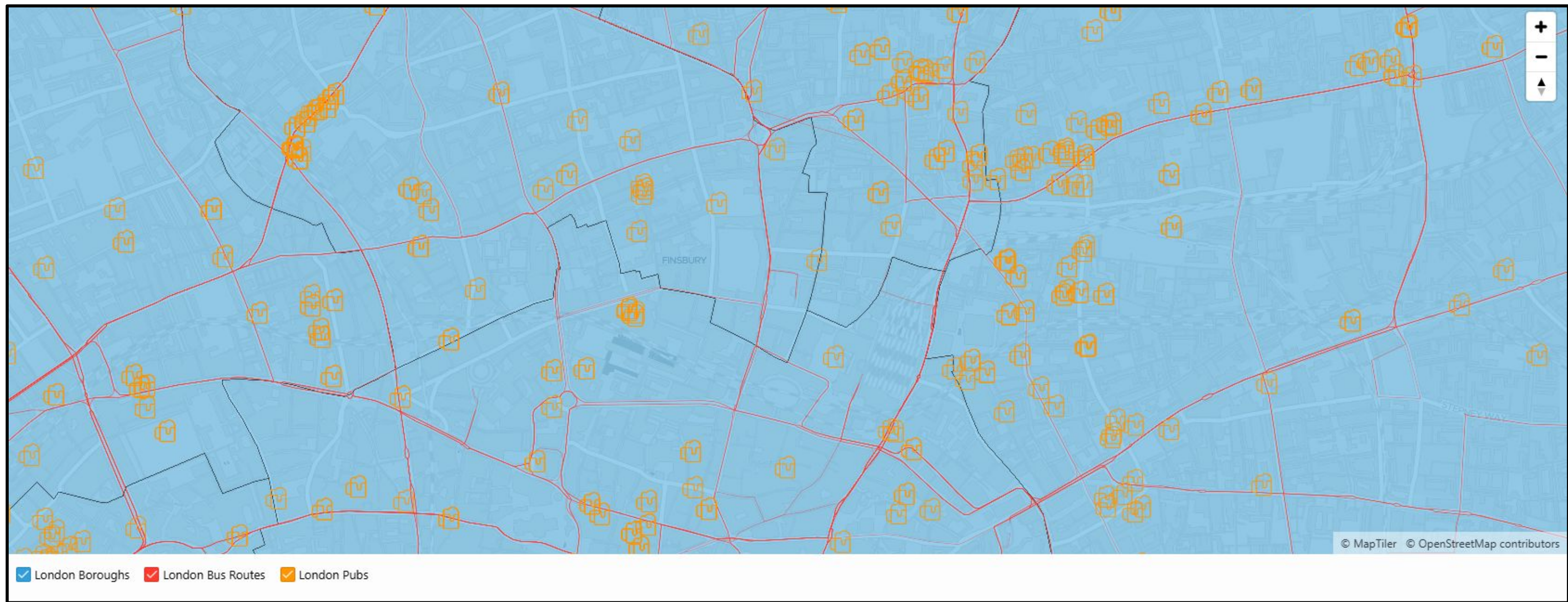


# Extruded polygons (Districts)



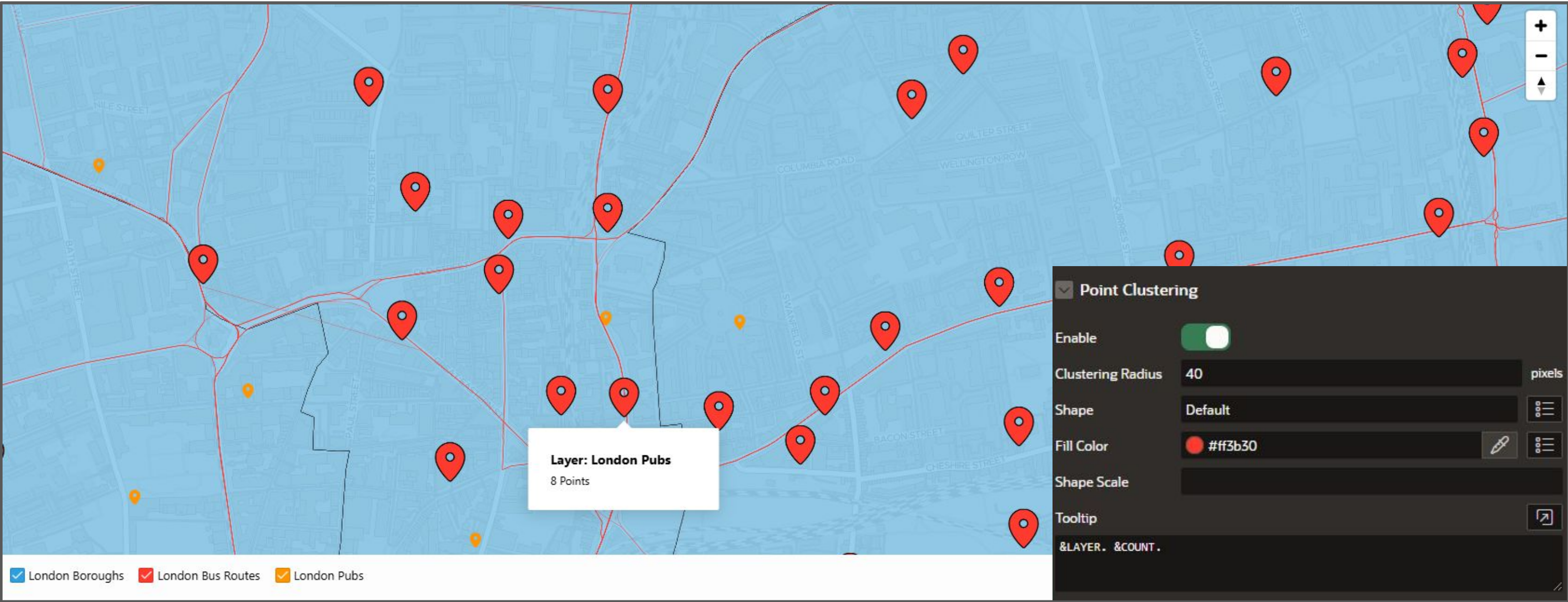


# Layers and customization





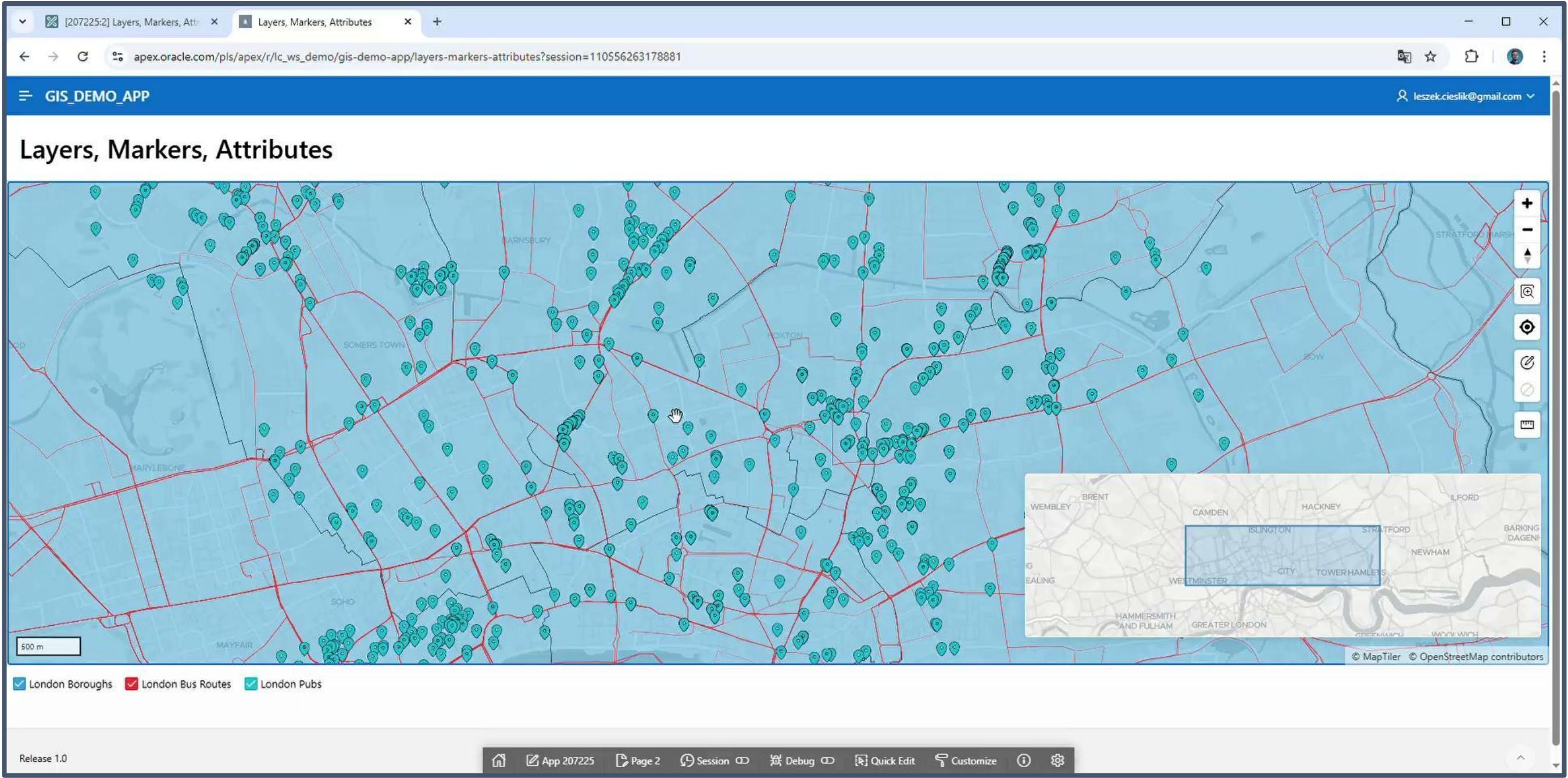
# Points and clusters



Map region  
attributes

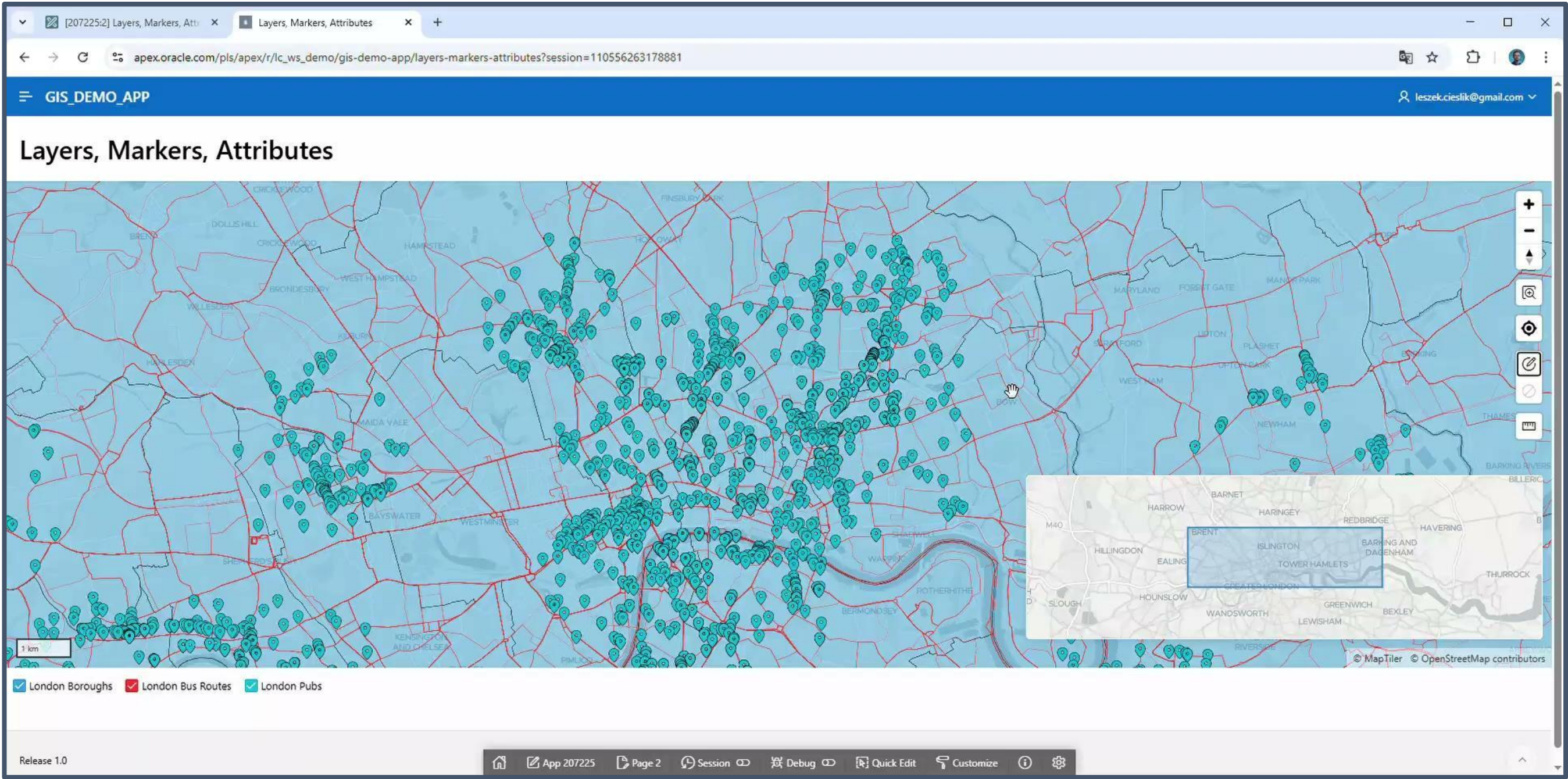


# Attributes – Mousewheel Zoom



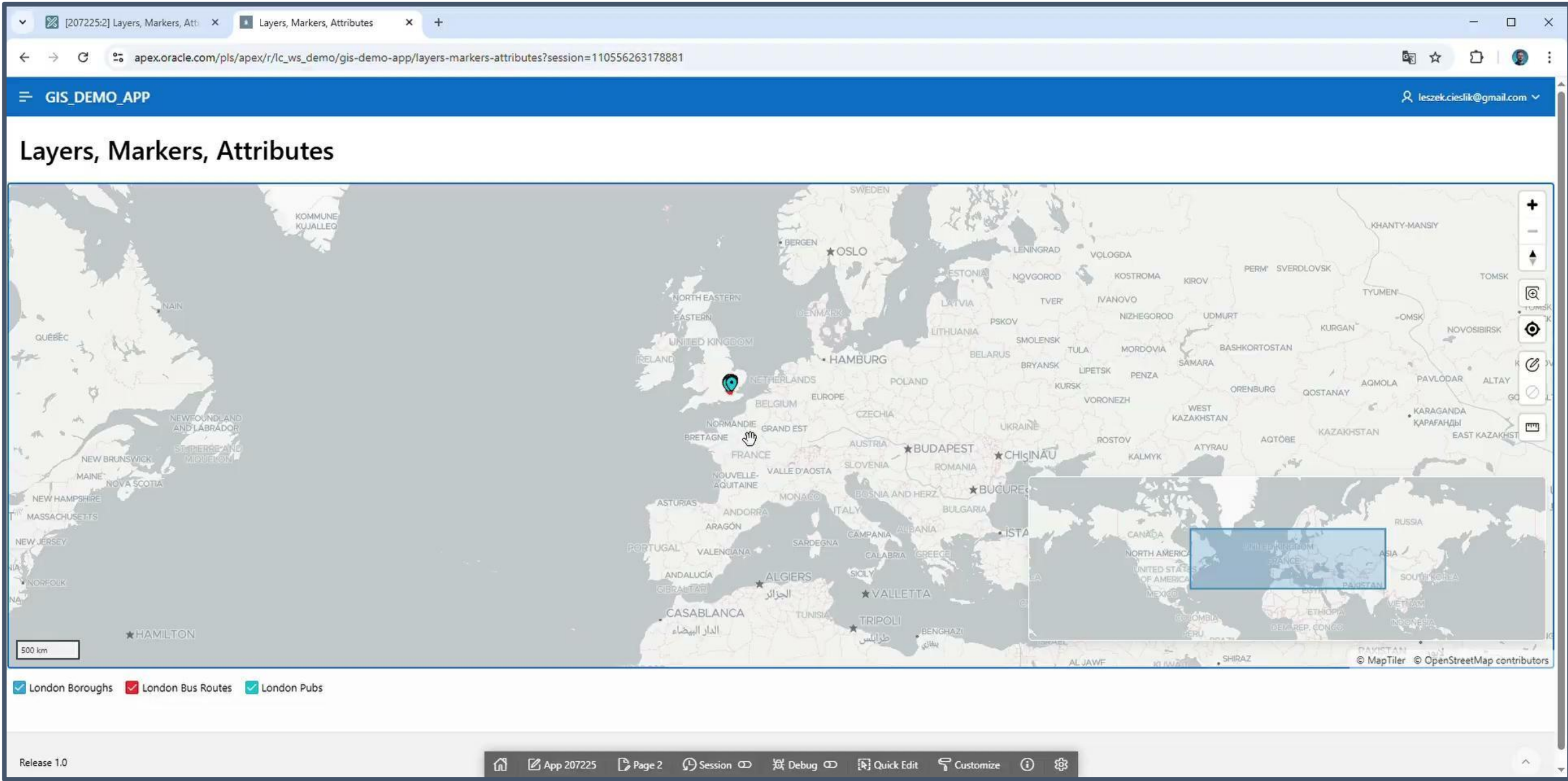


# Attributes - Rectangle Zoom



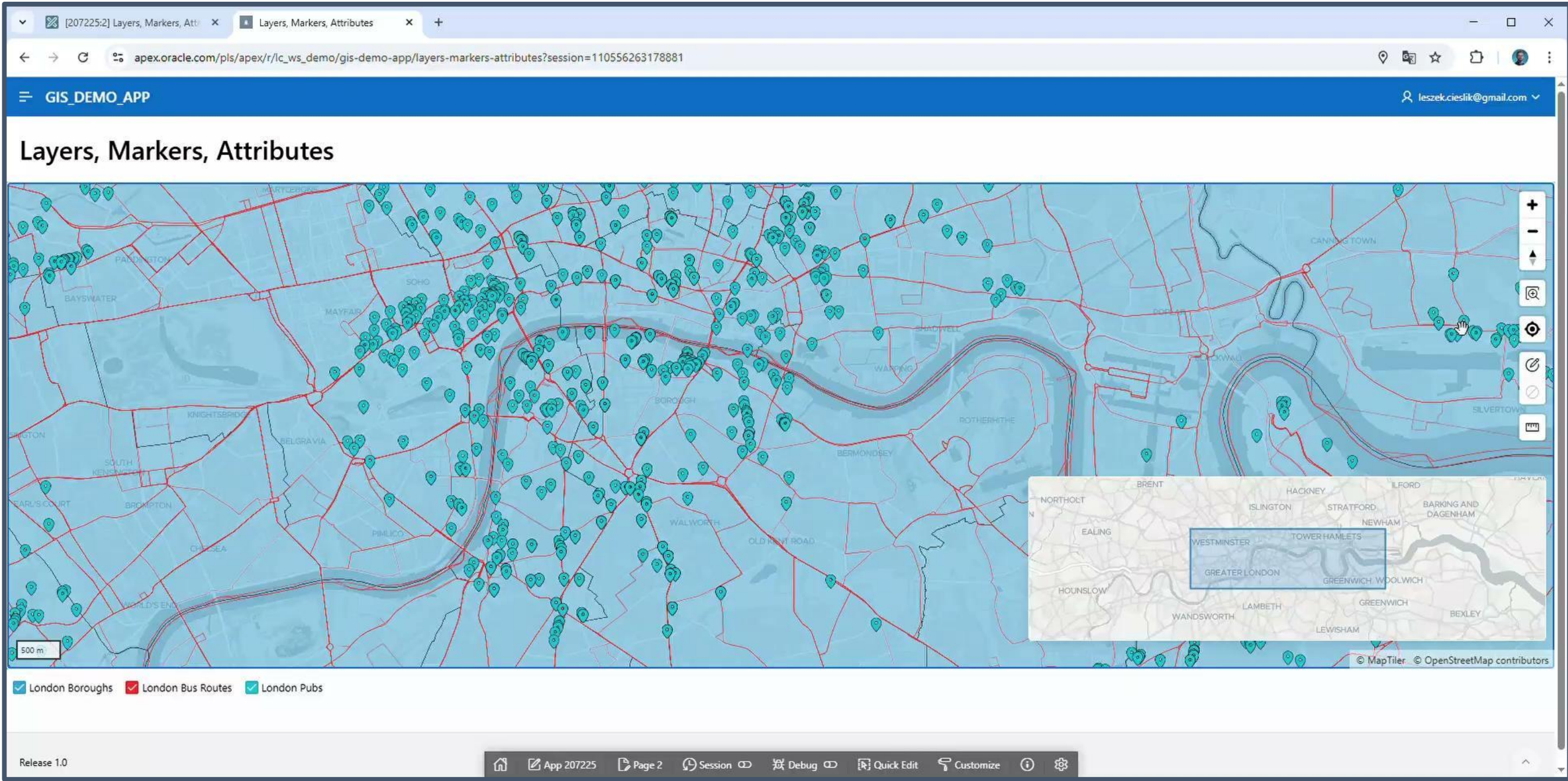


# Attributes - Infinite Map



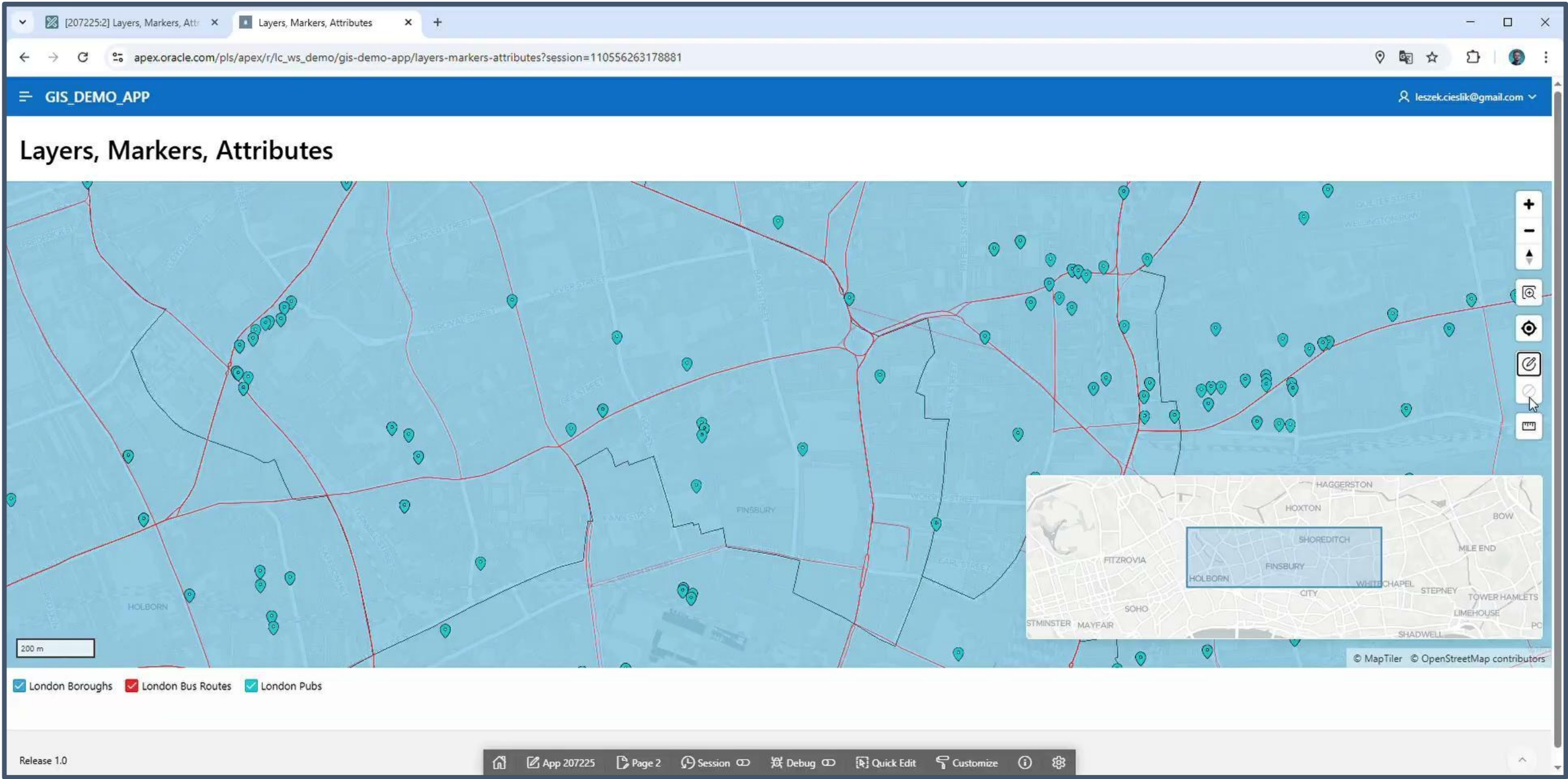


# Attributes – Get Browser Location

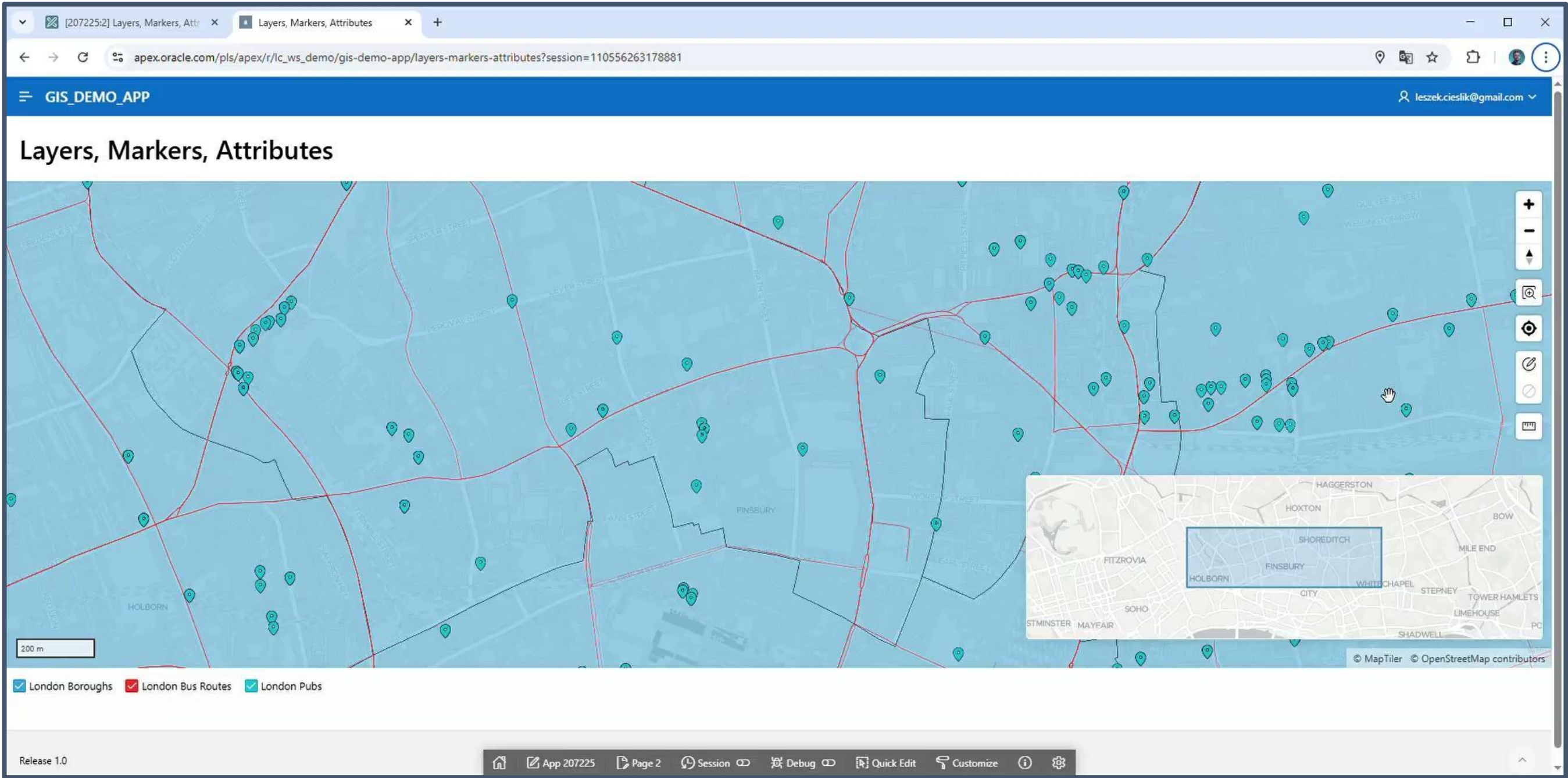




# Attributes - Distance Tool

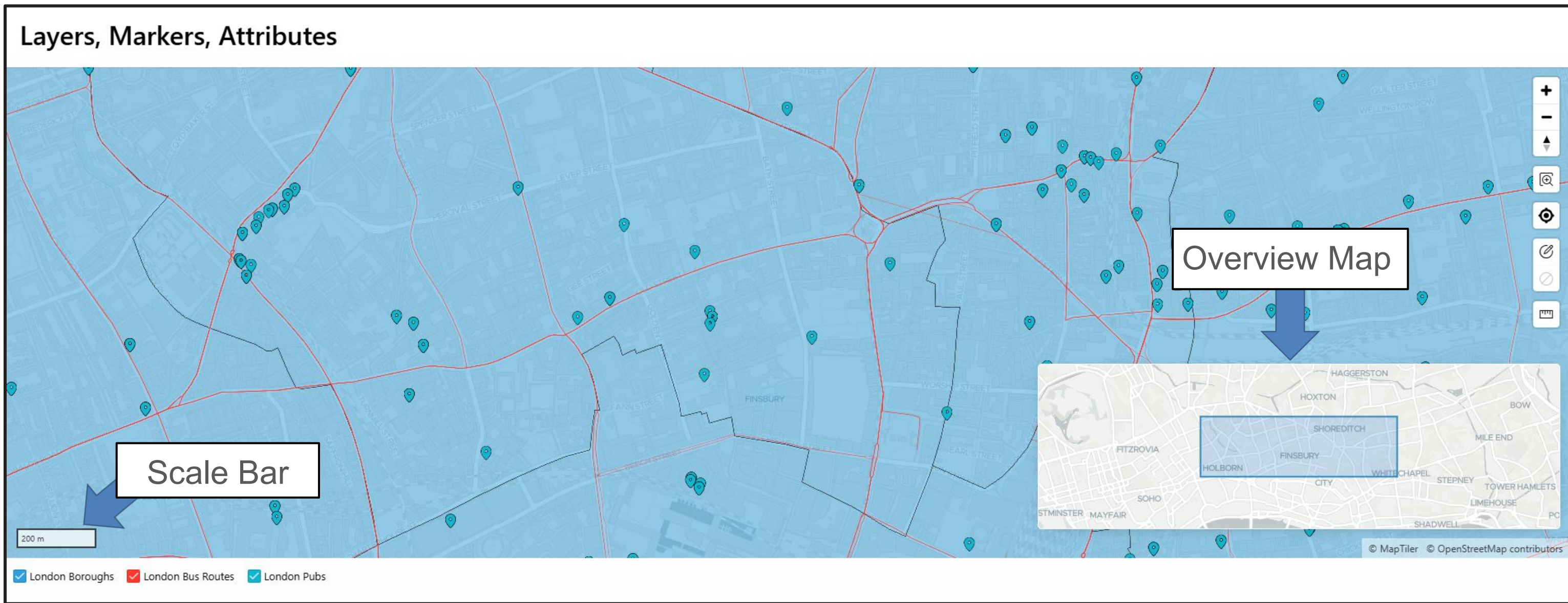


# Attributes - Circle Tool





# Attributes – Scale Bar and Overview Map



# Dynamic actions



## Dynamic action? What's that?

Dynamic actions provide a way to **define complex client-side behavior** declaratively without the need for JavaScript. Using the Dynamic Action Create wizard, you **specify an action that is performed when a defined set of conditions occur**. You can also specify which elements are affected by the action, and when and how they are affected. (<https://docs.oracle.com>)

Two steps:

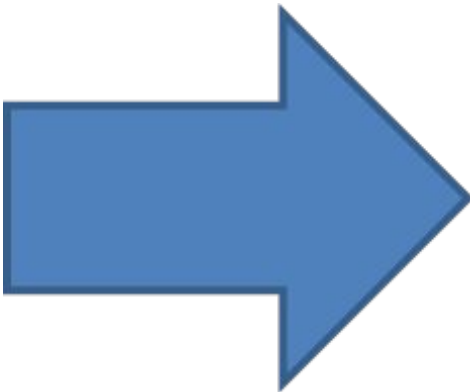
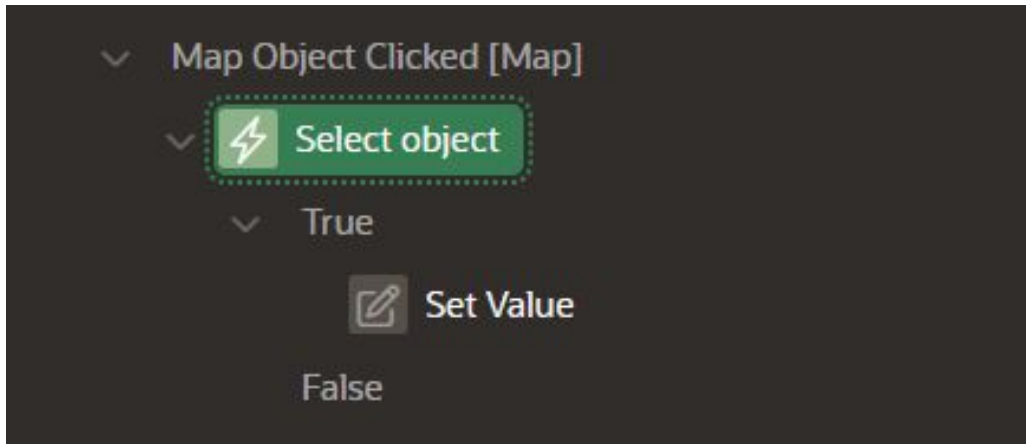
1. Specify the **event** that causes the dynamic action
2. Specify an **action** you want to perform

# Dynamic actions and Map region

- Event: Map Object Clicked (user clicks on the object icon)
  - Action: get ID of the object
- Event: Map Changed (user draws a circle using the Circle Tool)
  - Action: get GeoJSON of the circle (and think how to use it to select the objects :) )
- Event: Map Clicked (user clicks on the map)
  - Action: get coordinates
- Event: Map Initialized (the map has been loaded)
  - Action: Add drawing plugin



# Selecting an object - step 1



Identification

NameSelect object

Execution

Sequence50

Event ScopeStatic

TypeImmediate

When

EventMap Object Clicked [Map]

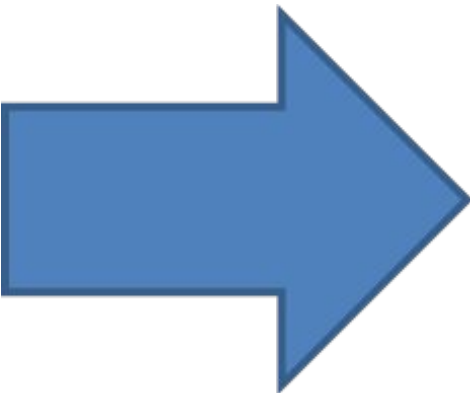
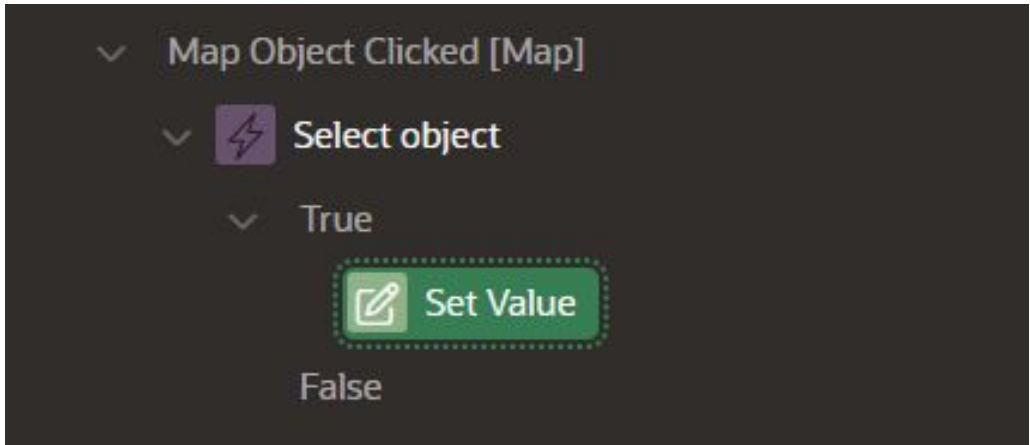
Selection TypeRegion

RegionMap

Client-side Condition

Type- Select -

# Selecting an object - step 2



Identification

Name

Action

Set Value

Settings

Set Type

JavaScript Expression

JavaScript Expression

this.data.id

Suppress Change Event

Affected Elements

Selection Type

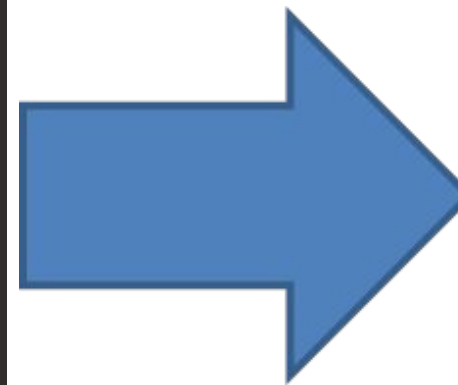
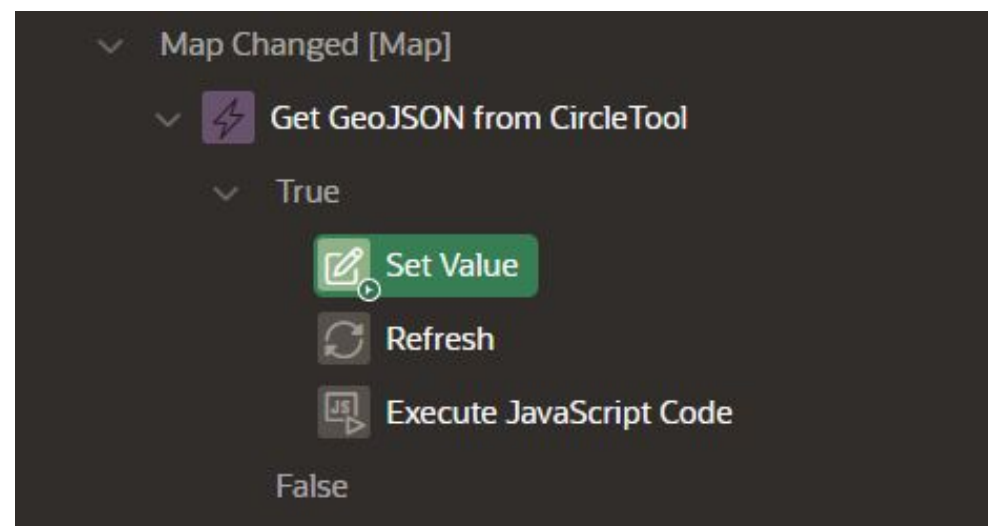
Item(s)

Item(s)

P3\_OBJECT\_ID



## Selecting an object with Circle Tool – step 1



Identification

Name

Action
Set Value

Settings

Set Type
JavaScript Expression

JavaScript Expression

```

this.data.circle ?
JSON.stringify(this.data.circle.data.geometry) : ""

```

Suppress Change Event
☐

Affected Elements

Selection Type
Item(s)

Item(s)
P3\_GEOJSON

# Selecting an object with Circle Tool - step 2

Page 3: Selecting objects

Pre-Rendering

Components

Breadcrumb Bar

Breadcrumb

Full Width Content

Map

Layers

London Pubs

London Pubs Circle Tool

Districts

Bicycle accidents

Bicycle accidents\_1

Tram accidents

Accidents Circle Tool

Dynamic Actions

Code Editor - SQL Query

1 select ID,

2 GEOMETRY

3 from LONDON\_PUBS

4 where :P3\_GEOJSON is not null

5 and sdo\_anyinteract(GEOMETRY, sdo\_util.from\_geojson( :P3\_GEOJSON)) = 'TRUE'

2. Points

Identification

Name London Pubs Circle Tool

Layer Type Points

Label

Layout

3. SQL Query

Source

Location Local Database

Type SQL Query

SQL Query

select ID,

GEOMETRY

from LONDON\_PUBS

where :P3\_GEOJSON is not null

and sdo\_anyinteract(GEOMETRY, sdo\_util.from\_geojson(

:P3\_GEOJSON)) = 'TRUE'

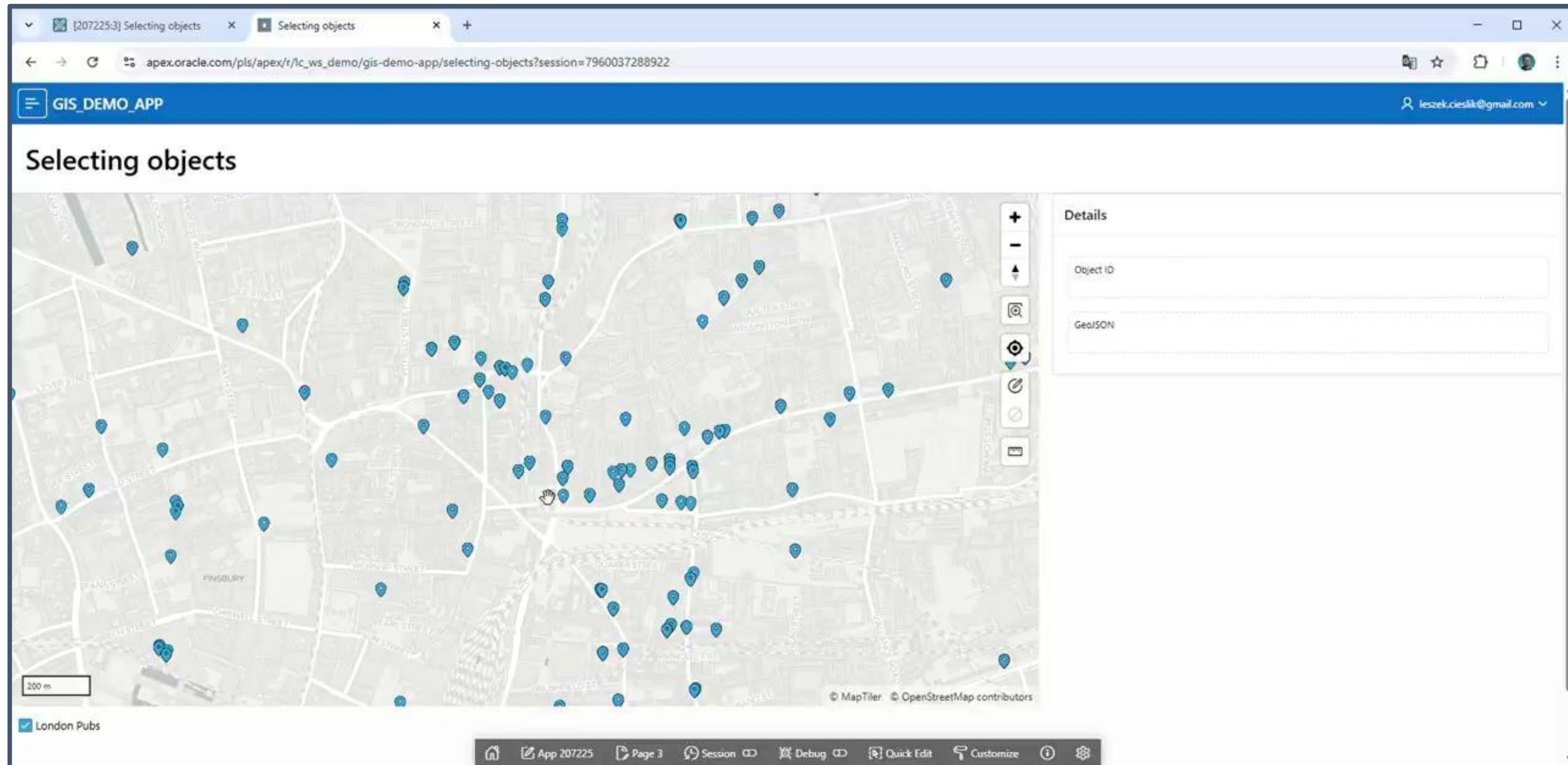
Page Items to Submit P3\_GEOJSON

1. New layer

4. SDO\_ANYINTERACT - Checks if any geometries in a table have the ANYINTERACT topological relationship with a specified geometry.



# Selecting objects



# Geocoding and Geolocation



# Geocoding vs Geolocation

**Geocoding** is the process of converting addresses into geographic coordinates.

**Input:** An address or place name.

**Output:** Geographic coordinates

**Use Cases:**

- Mapping locations on a map.
- Finding the latitude and longitude for a given address.

**Geolocation** is the process of determining the geographic location of a device or user.

**Input:** Signals or data from GPS, IP address, Wi-Fi

**Output:** Geographic coordinates

**Use Cases:**

- Finding the current location of a device.
- Location-based services and applications (e.g., navigation, location-based marketing).

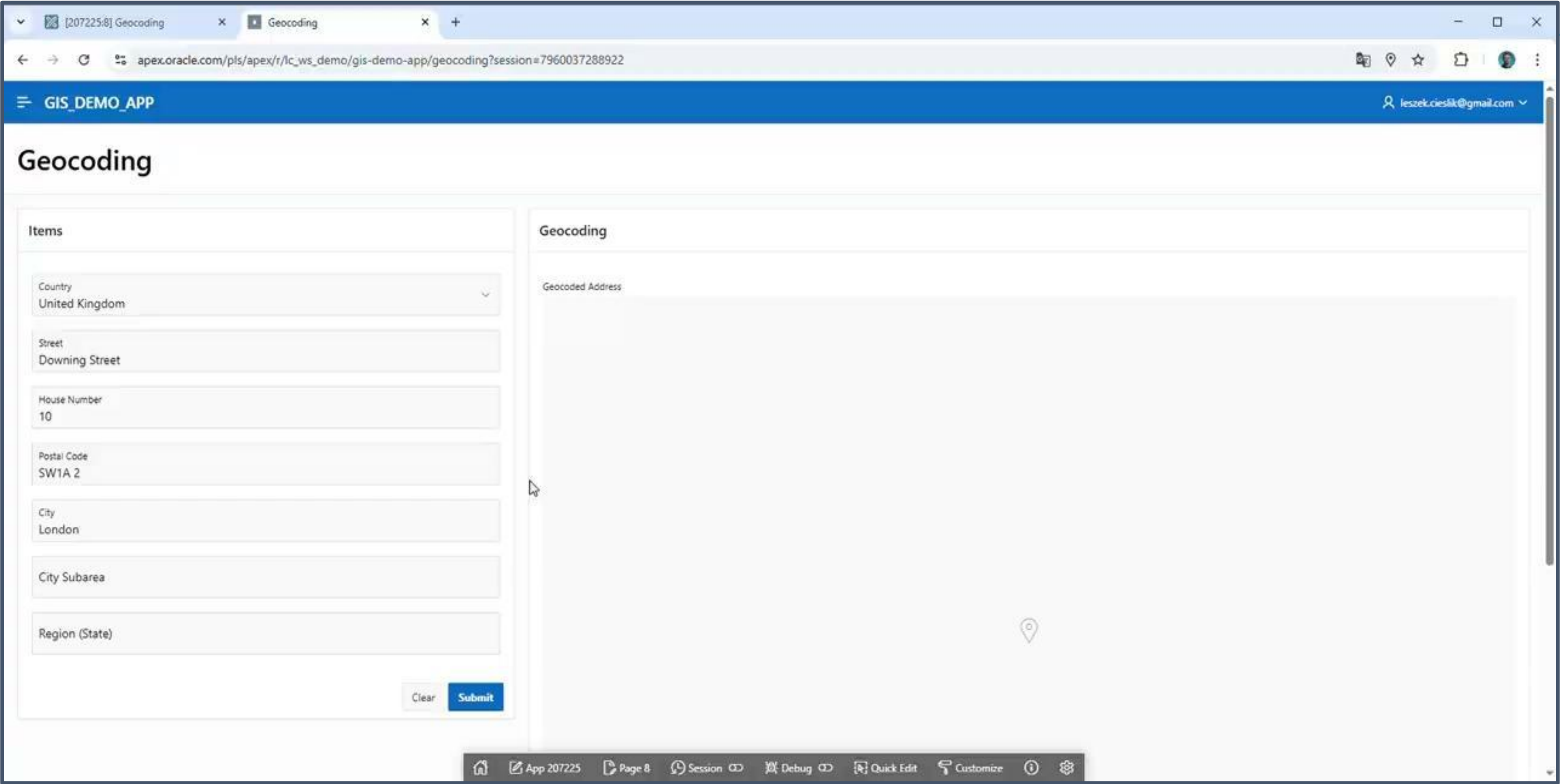
# Geocoded Address Item

- Geocoded Address Item provides Geocoding (turning a postal address to a coordinate) functionality.
- Geocoding is performed by the browser doing a REST request to the Oracle eLocation Geocoding Service (elocation.oracle.com).
- Geocoding input data comes from other page items which are mapped to address parts like Street, House Number, Postal Code or City.

Geocoding Input

Country Type	Item	
Country	P8_COUNTRY	
Street Item	P8_STREET	
House Number Item	P8_HOUSE_NUMBER	
Postal Code Item	P8_POSTAL_CODE	
City Item	P8_CITY	
City Sub Area Item	P8_CITY_SUBAREA	
Region Item	P8_REGION	





# Get Current Position

Events

Page Load

Change

Click

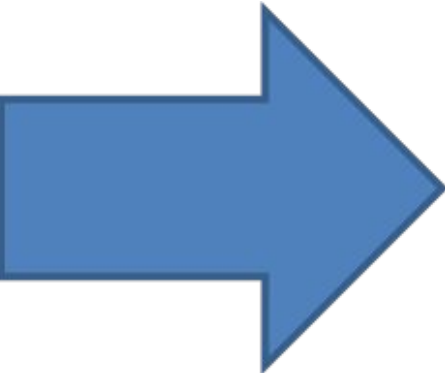
Get Current Position

True

Get Current Position

False

Dialog Closed



Identification

Name

Action

Get Current Position

Settings

Return Type

Latitude and Longitude

Latitude Item

P9\_LATITUDE

Longitude Item

P9\_LONGTITUDE

Enable High Accuracy



## Part 1: Summary

# SDO\_GEOMETRY, GeoJSON, VARCHAR

# Map region

# Layers: Points, Lines, Polygons, Heat maps, Extruded polygons

# Get Browser Location, Distance Tool, Circle Tool, Scale Bar...

# Clusters

# Map Dynamic Action

# Geocoding and Geolocation



# Part 2: Advanced Techniques



CRS

# Coordinate Reference Systems? What's that?

- A **Coordinate Reference System (CRS)** is used to define how spatial data is represented in a geographic space. It provides a standardized way to interpret coordinates (such as latitude and longitude) by relating them to a specific location on the Earth's surface.
- **over 6000** different coordinate reference systems!
- examples: EPSG:4326 – WGS 84 (World Geodetic System 1984); EPSG:3857 – Web Mercator;  
EPSG:32633 / EPSG:25832 – UTM Zone 33N (WGS 84 / ETRS89); EPSG:28992 – Amersfoort / RD  
New; EPSG:2180 – ETRS89 / Poland CS92



# Why are there so many CRS? It's a nightmare!

- The Earth is round, but maps are flat
- Different country needs
  - Netherlands (EPSG:28992) – optimized for a small, flat landscape
  - Poland (EPSG:2180) – adapted to its specific shape.
- Legacy systems vs. modern standards
- Higher accuracy
- Legal regulations



## SDO\_GEOMETRY - Point

SDO\_GTYPE - determine the type of the geometry (point, line, polygon, ...)

2001 – 2 dimensions/point

**SDO\_SRID - coordinate system**  
**4326 – WGS 84 (World Geodetic System '84) latitude/longitude**

SDO\_POINT – point with X,Y,Z attributes

```
SDO_GEOMETRY (  
2001,  
4326,  
SDO_POINT_TYPE (  
0.18612966342500153,  
51.577878487755726,  
NULL) ,  
NULL,  
NULL  
)
```





# Coordinate Reference Systems

CRS Code = **4326**

Name: **WGS84**

Geometry: POLYGON ( (

20.7533776504406 52.3973224996299,

20.7533776504406 52.0959234112862,

21.3046961460238 52.0959234112862,

21.3046961460238 52.3973224996299,

20.7533776504406 52.3973224996299

))

CRS Code = **28992**

Name: **Amersfoort / RD New**

Geometry: POLYGON ( (

1195334.93117735 600956.467056177,

1202452.02410556 567953.574939523,

1239613.12367566 576107.860486178,

1232239.92224748 609071.503559281,

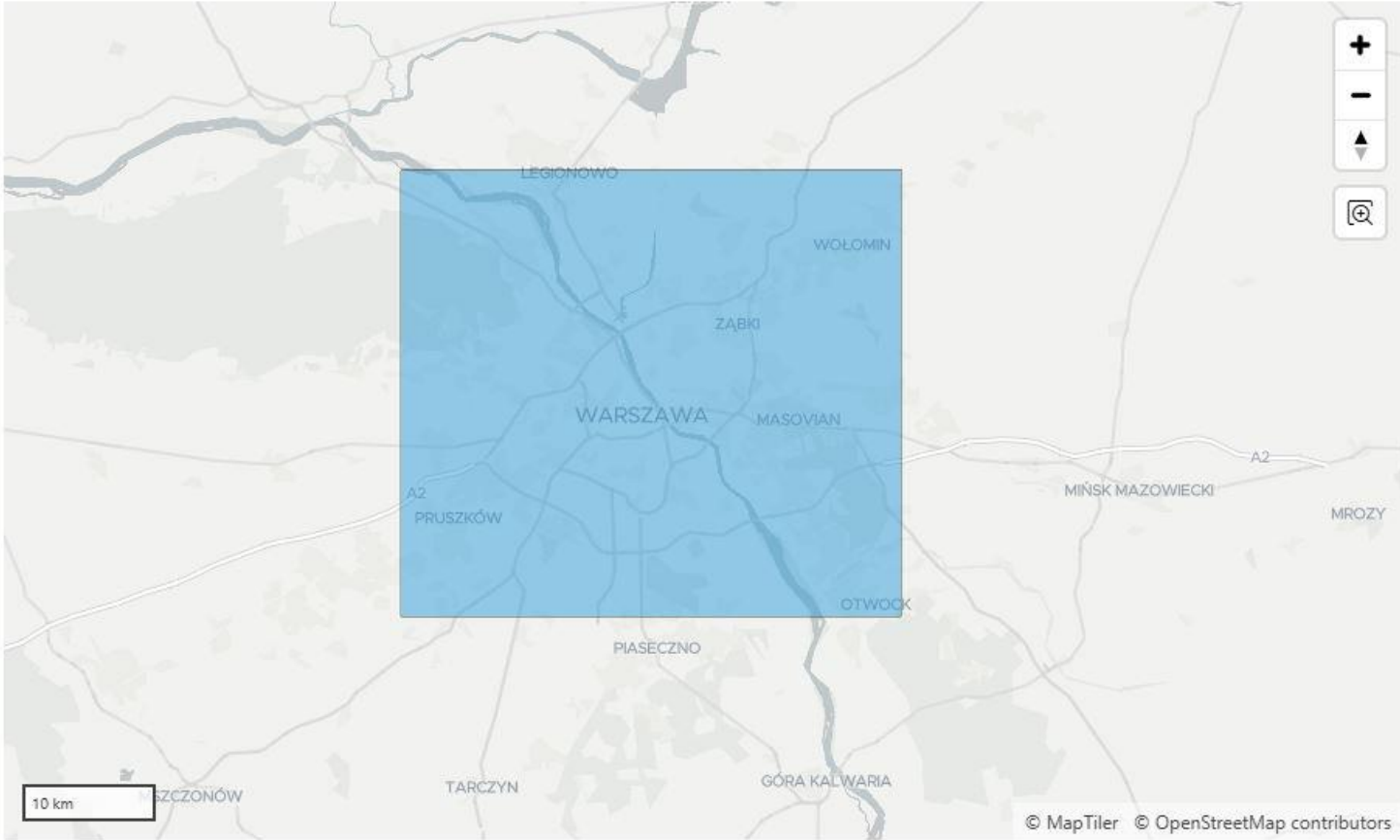
1195334.93117735 600956.467056177

))

# Coordinate Reference Systems

APEX automatically transforms  
the CRS in SDO\_GEOMETRY to  
WGS84

CRS examples



☒ WGS 84 (Global geographic coordinate system (Latitude, Longitude))

☐ Amersfoort / RD New (Standard projection for the Netherlands)

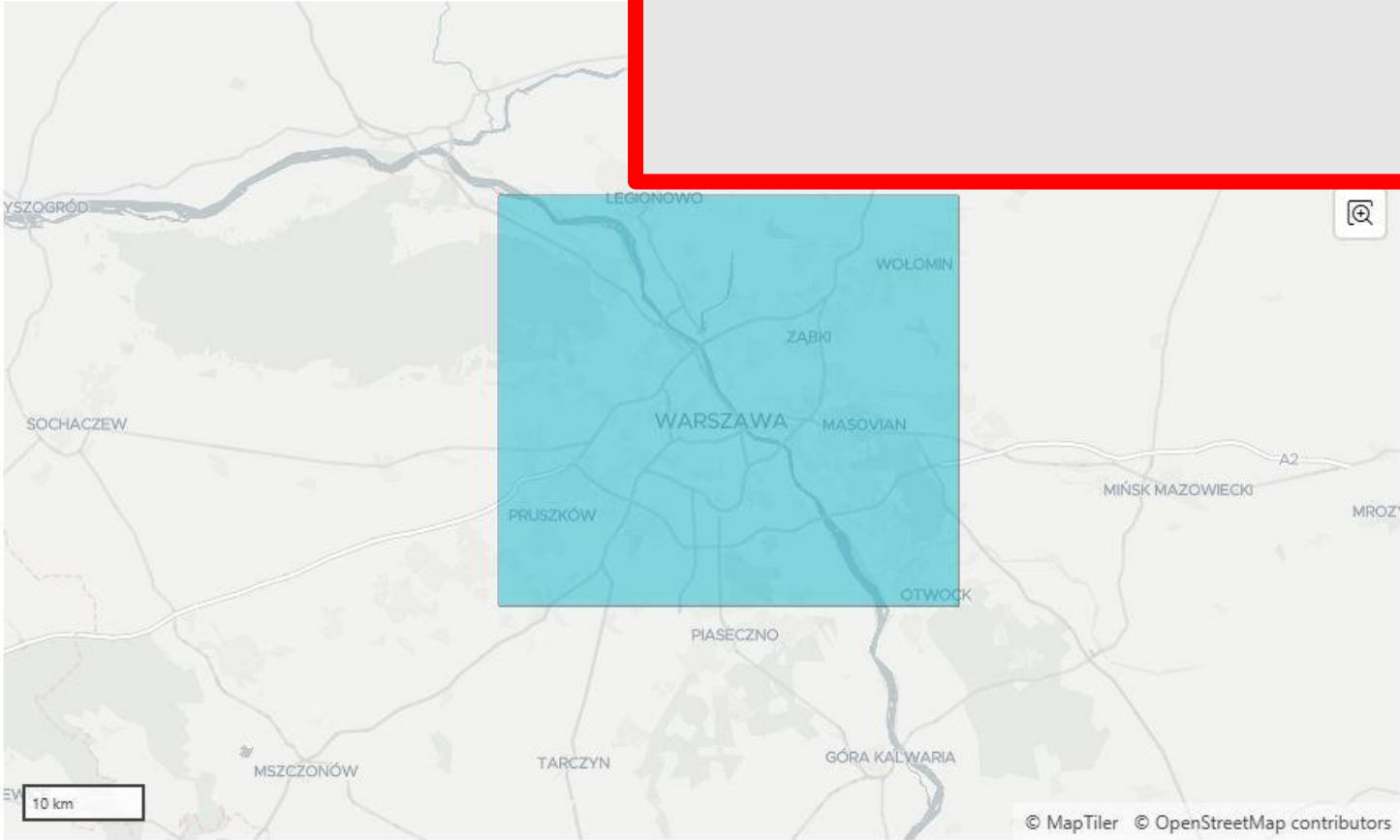
☐ ETRS89 / UTM Zone 32N (Universal Transverse Mercator for Europe (East of 6°E))

☐ ETRS89 / Poland CS92 (Commonly used in Poland)

☐ UTM Zone 31N (Universal Transverse Mercator for Europe (East of 6°E))

☐ Web Mercator (Used by Google Maps, OpenStreetMap, etc.)

CRS examples



☐ WGS 84 (Global geographic coordinate system (Latitude, Longitude))

☒ Amersfoort / RD New (Standard projection for the Netherlands)

☐ ETRS89 / UTM Zone 32N (Universal Transverse Mercator for Europe (East of 6°E))

☐ ETRS89 / Poland CS92 (Commonly used in Poland)

☐ UTM Zone 31N (Universal Transverse Mercator for Europe (East of 6°E))

☐ Web Mercator (Used by Google Maps, OpenStreetMap, etc.)



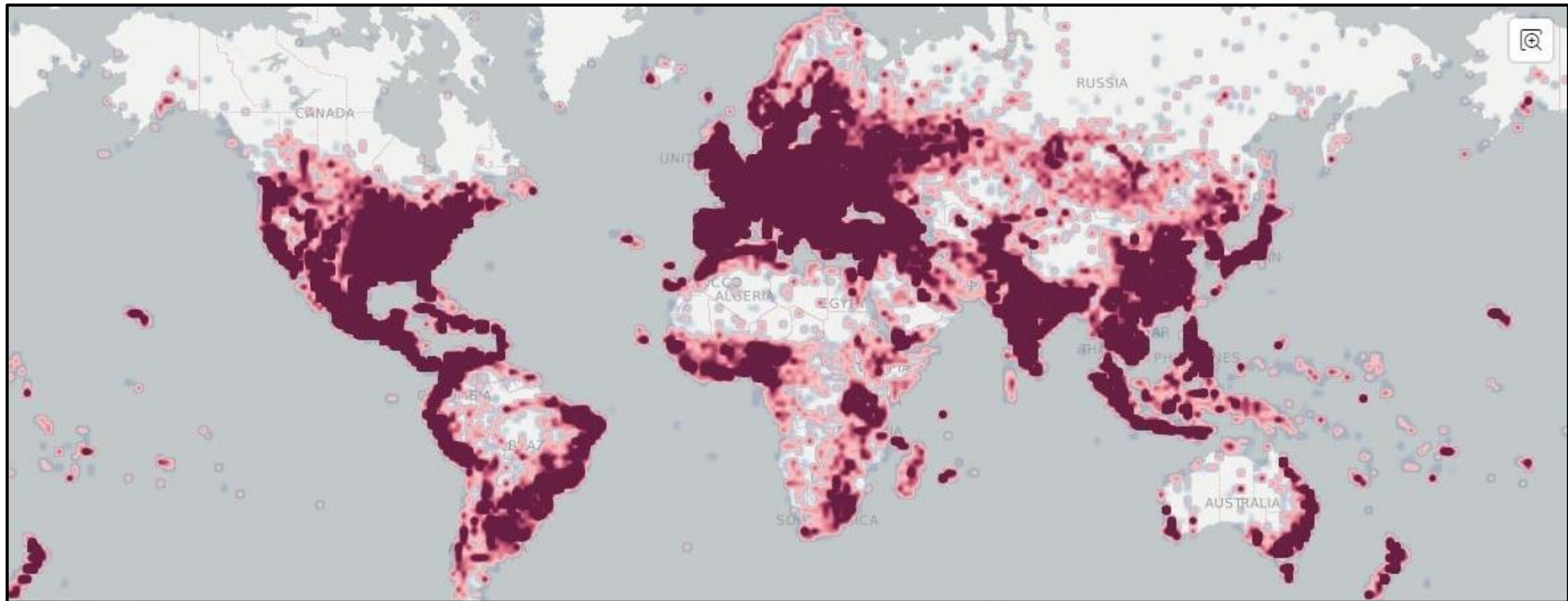
# Readability and performance

## Readability and performance (140 000 cities)



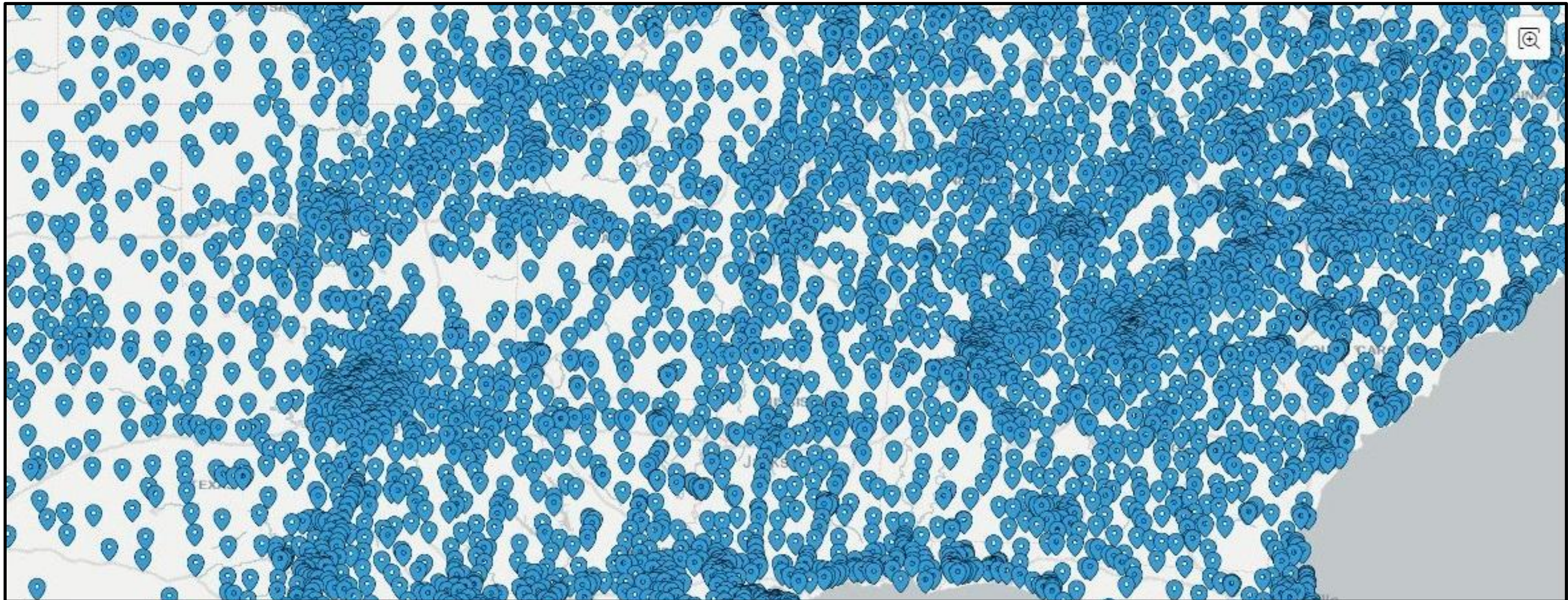


## Readability and performance (Heat map)



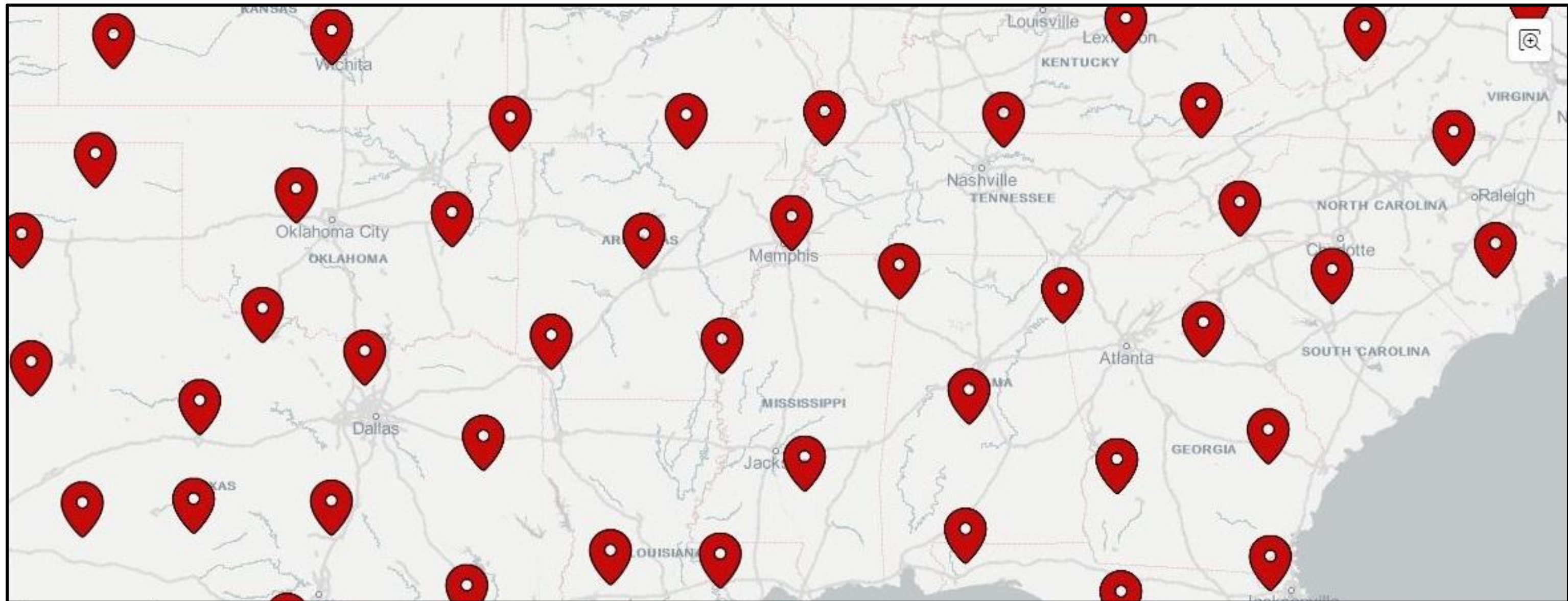


## Readability and performance (Part of the map)





## Readability and performance (Clusters)





# Readability and performance (Faceted Search)

The diagram illustrates a faceted search interface. On the left, a zoomed-in view of the 'Filters' section shows a search bar, a 'Country Name' dropdown menu set to 'equals', a text input field containing 'Poland', and a 'Go' button. A blue arrow points from this zoomed view to the main interface on the right. The main interface, titled 'Demo', features a 'Filters' sidebar on the left and a 'Map' on the right. The 'Filters' sidebar includes a search bar, a 'Country Name' dropdown menu set to 'equals', a text input field containing 'Poland', and a 'Go' button. The 'Map' displays a map of Europe with several blue location pins in Poland. The map includes labels for various countries and cities, such as Norway, Sweden, Finland, Denmark, Germany, France, Spain, Italy, Greece, Turkey, and others. A scale bar indicates 300 km. The map is credited to OpenMapTiles and OpenStreetMap contributors.

# Readability and performance (Faceted Search)

City

Clear

☐ Bialystok (1)

☐ Bydgoszcz (1)

☒ Gdansk (1)

☐ Katowice (1)

☒ Krakow (1)

☐ Lodz (1)

☒ Lublin (1)

☒ Poznan (1)

☒ Szczecin (1)

☒ Warsaw (1)

☒ Wroclaw (1)

Demo

Filters

Search...

Country Name

Clear

equals

Poland

Go

City

Clear

☐ Bialystok (1)

☐ Bydgoszcz (1)

☒ Gdansk (1)

☐ Katowice (1)

☒ Krakow (1)

☐ Lodz (1)

☒ Lublin (1)

☒ Poznan (1)

☒ Szczecin (1)

☒ Warsaw (1)

☒ Wroclaw (1)

Map

☒ CITIES



# Readability and performance (Faceted Search)

Population

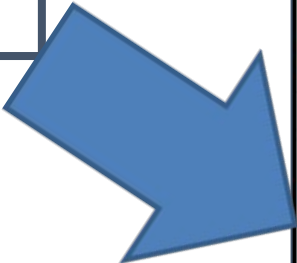
Clear

250 000 - 500 000 (3)

500 000 - 750 000 (2)

750 000 - 1 000 000 (1)

>1 000 000 (1)



Demo

Filters

Search...

Country Name

Clear

equals

Poland

Go

City

Clear

☐

Białystok (1)

☐

Bydgoszcz (1)

☒

Gdańsk (1)

☐

Katowice (1)

☒

Lublin (1)

☒

Szczecin (1)

☒

Krakow

☒

Poznan

☒

Warsaw

☒

Wrocław

Population

Clear

250 000 - 500 000 (3)

500 000 - 750 000 (2)

750 000 - 1 000 000 (1)

>1 000 000 (1)

Map

+

-

↕

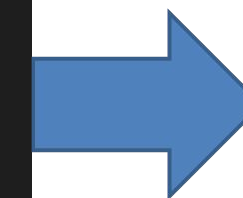
📍

☒ CITIES

# Readability and performance (Spatial Indexes)

A **spatial index** in Oracle Database helps **speed up** searches for location-based data, such as maps or shapes (points, lines, and areas). It makes finding and retrieving this data faster by organizing it in a way that is easy to search. Such an index **can be created on** a column of the **SDO\_GEOMETRY** type, so we will **have to convert** our geographic data stored in the Longitude and Latitude columns of the VARCHAR2 type.

```
CREATE INDEX index_name ON table_name (column_name)  
INDEXTYPE IS MDSYS.SPATIAL_INDEX;
```



Source	
Location	Local Database
Type	Table / View
Table Owner	Parsing Schema
Table Name	LT_CITIES
Use Spatial Index <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	



## Readability and performance (Spatial Indexes)

Note that a **Spatial Index will not be used** in the following situations:

- **More than one layer** references the Region Source as their data source.
- The **map window is too large**; that is the case when it spans more than half of the world.



# WMS and WFS



## WMS vs WFS

**Web Map Service (WMS)** is a standard protocol developed by the Open Geospatial Consortium (OGC) that allows users to request and display maps generated by a server from spatial data. WMS delivers **map images** in various formats (such as PNG, JPEG, or SVG), making it easy to integrate and display in web applications.

**Web Feature Service (WFS)** is a standard protocol developed by the Open Geospatial Consortium (OGC) for serving geospatial data over the internet. The key difference is that while WMS provides rendered map images, WFS offers **vector data - features with geometry and attributes**.

# Map Backgrounds - new 23.2 APEX feature



### Create Map Background

Add a **Map Background** to be used by map components in the application. Raster, Vector, and OGC WMS tiles are supported.

\* Name  ?

\* Type ☐ Vector Tile Layer ☐ Raster XYZ Tile Layer ☒ OGC WMS ?

API Key  ?

\* WMS URL  ?



# WMS as Map Background

<https://ows.terrestris.de/osm/service?>

What we have:

- BBOX
- WIDTH
- HEIGHT
- REQUEST
- FORMAT
- SRS / CRS

What we need:

- LAYERS
- STYLES
- VERSION

## 3.2.2. GetMap

Standard parameters for the **GetMap** request according to the OGC WMS 1.1.1 and 1.3.0 specifications:

Parameter	Required	Description
SERVICE	Yes	Name of the service (WMS)
REQUEST	Yes	Name of the request (GetMap)
VERSION	Yes	Version of the service
LAYERS	No	Layers to display
STYLES	No	Layers' style
SRS / CRS	Yes	Coordinate reference system
BBOX	Yes	Map extent
WIDTH	Yes	Width of the image in pixels
HEIGHT	Yes	Height of the image in pixels
FORMAT	No	Image format
TRANSPARENT	No	Transparent background
SLD	No	URL of an SLD to be used for styling
SLD_BODY	No	In-line SLD (XML) to be used for styling

# WMS as Map Background

### 3.2.1. GetCapabilities

Standard parameters for the **GetCapabilities** request according to the OGC WMS 1.1.1 and 1.3.0 specifications:

Parameter	Required	Description
SERVICE	Yes	Name of the service (WMS)
REQUEST	Yes	Name of the request (GetCapabilities)
VERSION	No	Version of the service

**<https://ows.terrestris.de/osm/service?service=WMS&request=GetCapabilities&version=1.3.0>**

```
<Layer queryable="1">
  <Name>OSM-Overlay-WMS</Name>
  <Title>OSM Overlay WMS - by terrestris</Title>
  <LatLonBoundingBox minx="-180" miny="-88" maxx="180" maxy="88" />
  <BoundingBox SRS="EPSG:900913" minx="-20037508.3428" miny="-25819498.5135" maxx="20037508.3428" maxy="25819498.5135" />
  <BoundingBox SRS="EPSG:4326" minx="-180" miny="-88" maxx="180" maxy="88" />
  <BoundingBox SRS="EPSG:3857" minx="-20037508.3428" miny="-25819498.5135" maxx="20037508.3428" maxy="25819498.5135" />
  <Style>
    <Name>default</Name>
    ...
  </Style>
</Layer>
```

LAYERS

STYLES



# WMS as Map Background



### Create Map Background

Add a **Map Background** to be used by map components in the application. Raster, Vector, and OGC WMS tiles are supported.

\* Name

\* Type Vector Tile Layer Raster XYZ Tile Layer **OGC WMS**

API Key

\* WMS URL

# WMS as Map Background

Parameter names  
should be lowercase!

Region

Attributes

Q

Filter

↩

▼

▼

Map

Background

Shared Component

▼

Standard

DEMO004

▼

Dark Mode

Same as Standard

▼

Height

640

pixels

▼

Controls

Navigation Bar

Zoom and Compass

▼

Navigation Bar Position

End

▼

Options

☒ Mousewheel Zoom

☒ Rectangle Zoom

☒ Scale Bar

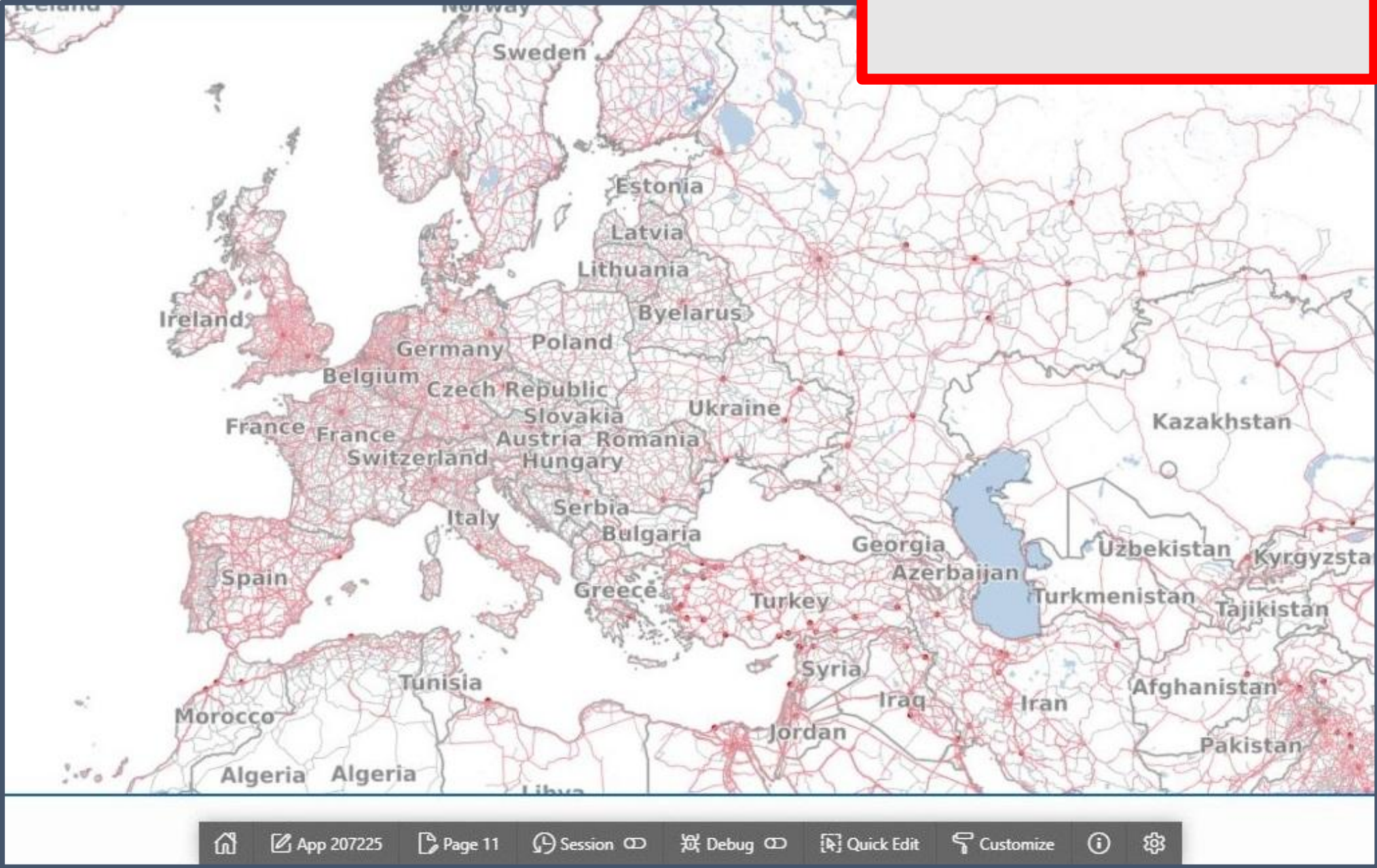
☒ Overview Map

☒ Infinite Map

☒ Get Browser Location

☒ Circle Tool

☒ Distance Tool





# WFS as new layer

<https://demo.mapserver.org/cgi-bin/wfs?>

What we need:

- SERVICE
- VERSION
- REQUEST
- TYPENAMES
- OUTPUTFORMAT

### 3.3.2. GetFeature

Standard parameters for the **GetFeature** request according to the OGC WFS 1.0.0 and 1.1.0 specifications:

Parameter	Required	Description
SERVICE	Yes	Name of the service ( <b>WFS</b> )
REQUEST	Yes	Name of the request ( <b>GetFeature</b> )
VERSION	No	Version of the service
TYPENAME	No	Name of layers
FEATUREID	No	Filter the features by ids
OUTPUTFORMAT	No	Output Format
RESULTTYPE	No	Type of the result
PROPERTYNAME	No	Name of properties to return
MAXFEATURES	No	Maximum number of features to return
SRSNAME	No	Coordinate reference system
FILTER	No	OGC Filter Encoding
BBOX	No	Map Extent
SORTBY	No	Sort the results



# WFS as new layer

### 3.3.1. GetCapabilities

Standard parameters for the `GetCapabilities` request according to the OGC WFS 1.0.0 and 1.1.0 specifications:

Parameter	Required	Description
<code>SERVICE</code>	Yes	Name of the service (WFS)
<code>REQUEST</code>	Yes	Name of the request ( <code>GetCapabilities</code> )
<code>VERSION</code>	No	Version of the service

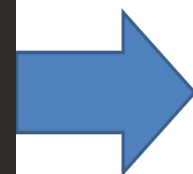
**`https://demo.mapserver.org/cgi-bin/wfs`**  
**`?service=WFS`**  
**`&request=getCapabilities`**  
**`&version=2.0.0`**

```
<FeatureType>
  <Name>ms:continents</Name>
  <Title>World continents</Title>
  <DefaultCRS>urn:ogc:def:crs:EPSG::4326</DefaultCRS>
  ...
  <OutputFormats>
    ...
    <Format>application/json; subtype=geojson</Format>
  </OutputFormats>
  ...
</FeatureType>
```

TYPENAMES

OUTPUTFORMAT

## WFS as new layer



### Create REST Data Source

General

REST Data Source Type: Simple HTTP

\* Name: DEMO WFS

\* URL Endpoint: <https://demo.mapserver.org/cgi-bin/wfs?service=WFS&version=2.0.0&request=GetFeature&typeName=ms:continents&outputFormat=geojson>

OpenAPI URL:

Next >

[https://demo.mapserver.org/cgi-bin/wfs?  
service=WFS  
&version=2.0.0  
&request=GetFeature  
&typeName=ms:continents  
&outputFormat=geojson](https://demo.mapserver.org/cgi-bin/wfs?service=WFS&version=2.0.0&request=GetFeature&typeName=ms:continents&outputFormat=geojson)

# WFS as new layer

Layer

Filter

Identification

Name

Countries

Layer Type

Polygons

Label

Label

Countries

Layout

Source

Location

REST Source

REST Source

WFS DEMO

Page Items to Submit

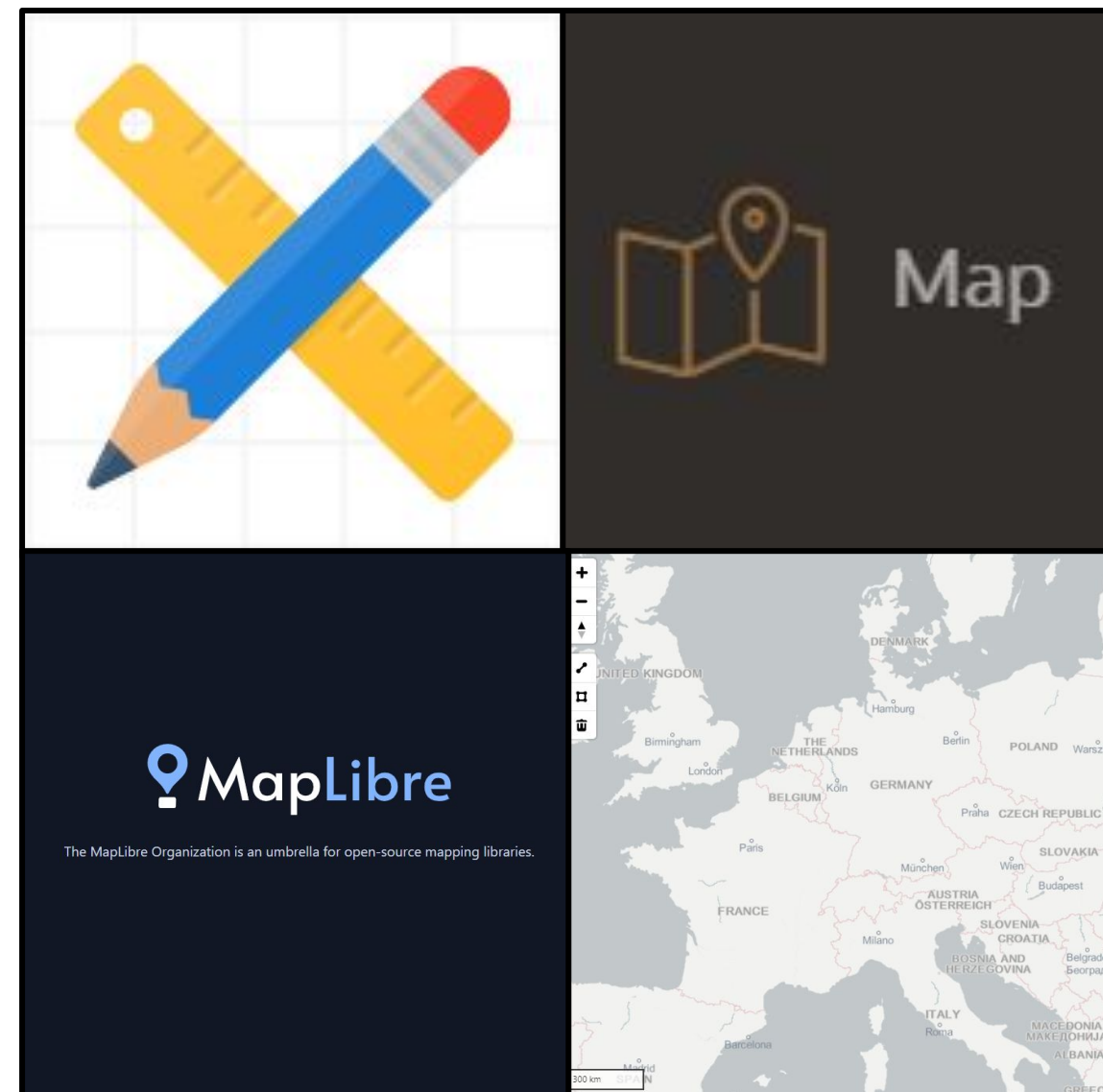




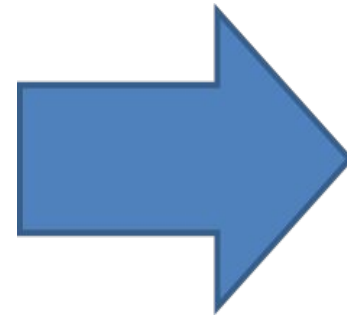
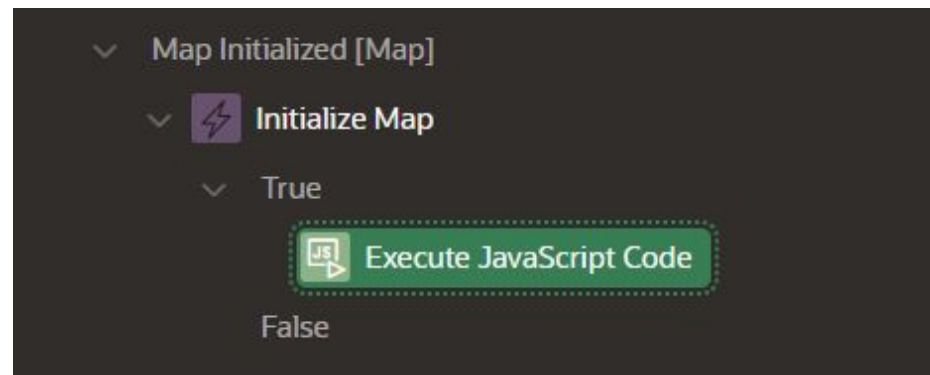
# MapLibre: Drawing component

# Map region and MapLibre GL JS

- Based on MapLibre GL JS library (**open-source**)
- Interface exposed via **mapRegion#getMapObject** method
- Access to the mapRegion interface with the **apex.region** function
- **Plugins** and ready-made **examples**
- <https://maplibre.org/maplibre-gl-js-docs/api/>
- <https://maplibre.org/maplibre-gl-js/docs/plugins/>



# Drawing objects



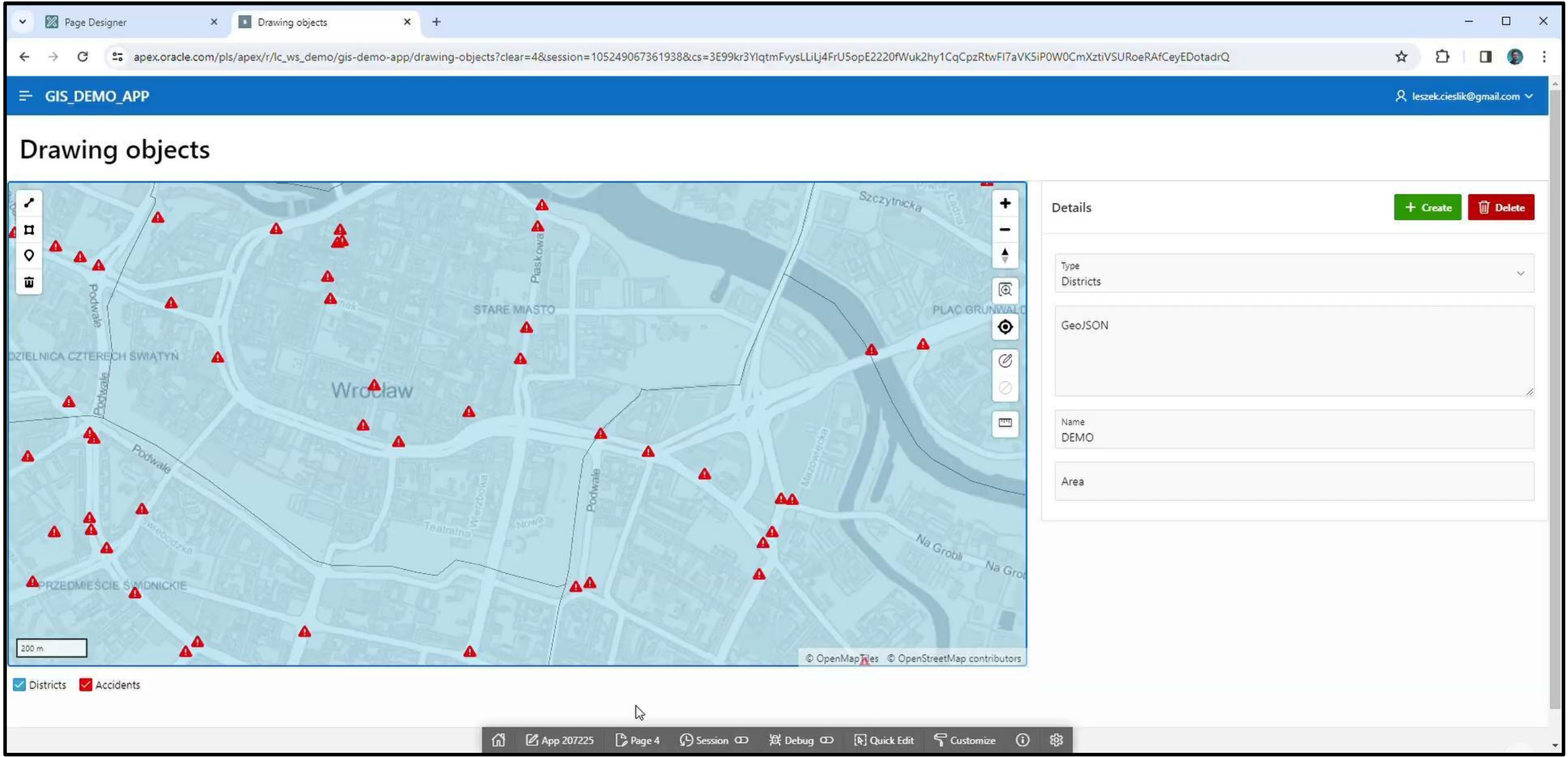
```

1  //Get MapLibre GL JS map object
2  var map = apex.region('map_id').getMapObject();
3
4  //Add Draw plug-in.
5  var draw = new MapboxDraw({
6    displayControlsDefault: false,
7    controls: {
8      point: true,
9      line_string: true,
10     polygon: true,
11     trash: true
12   }
13 });
14
15 //Add Control to map
16 map.addControl(draw, 'top-left');
17
18 //Fix MapBox - MapLibre issue
19 $('.maplibregl-ctrl-top-left').children().attr(
20   'class', 'maplibregl-ctrl maplibregl-ctrl-group mapboxgl-ctrl mapboxgl-ctrl-group'
21 );
22
23 //Get GeoJSON
24 map.on('draw.create', function(e) {
25   apex.items.P4_GEOMETRY.setValue(JSON.stringify(e.features[0].geometry));
26 });

```

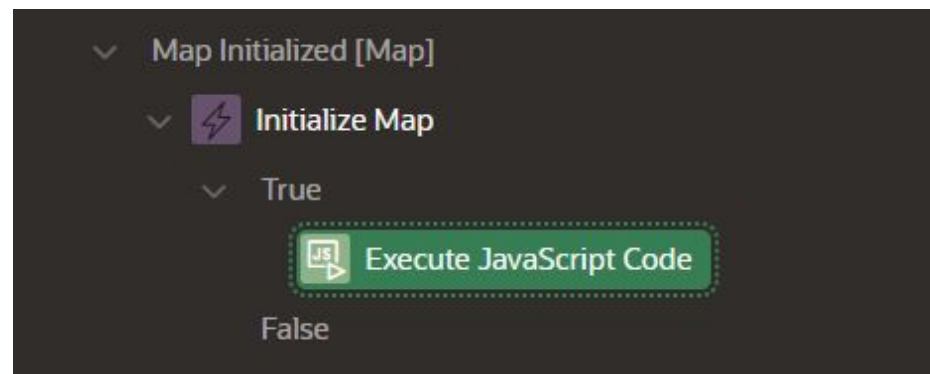


# Drawing objects



# MapLibre: Custom layers

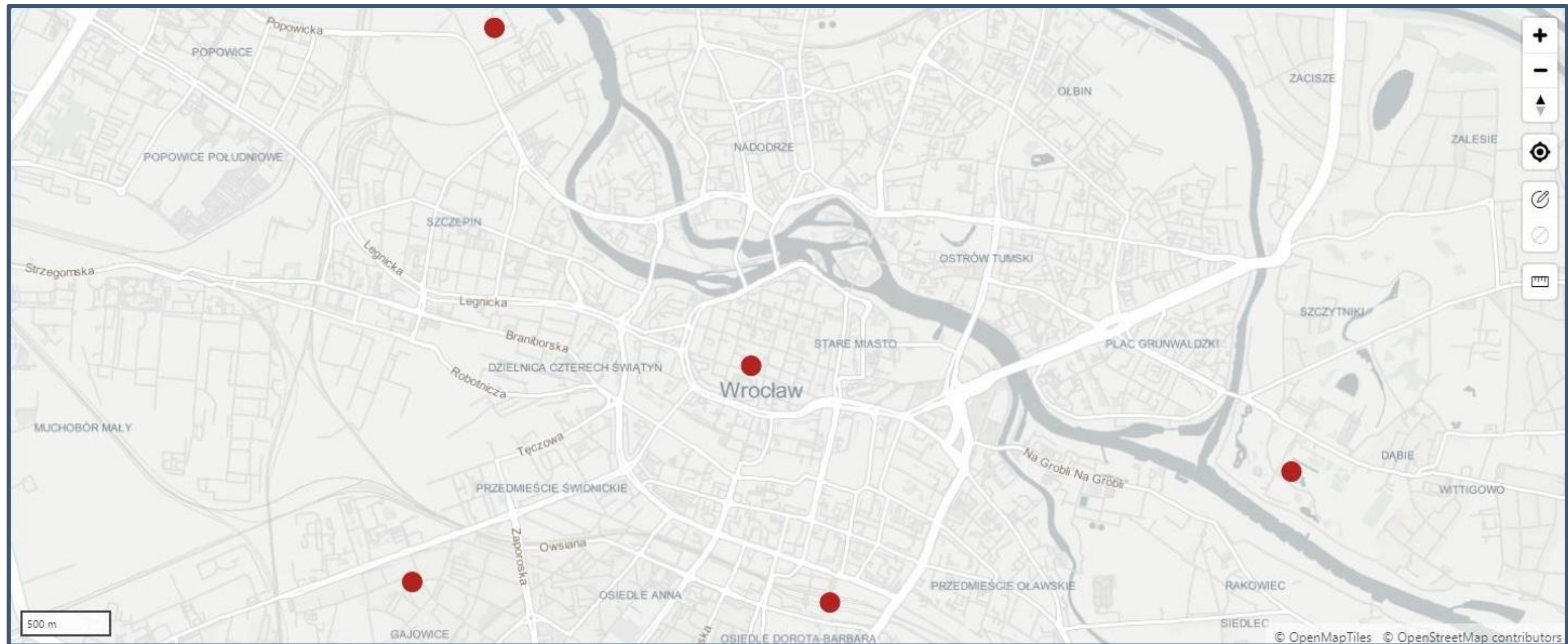
# Custom layers - GeoJSON



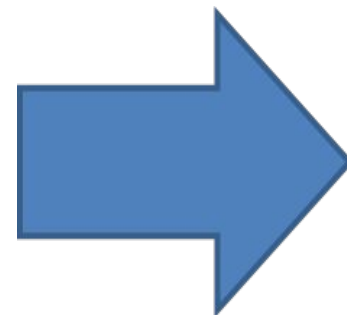
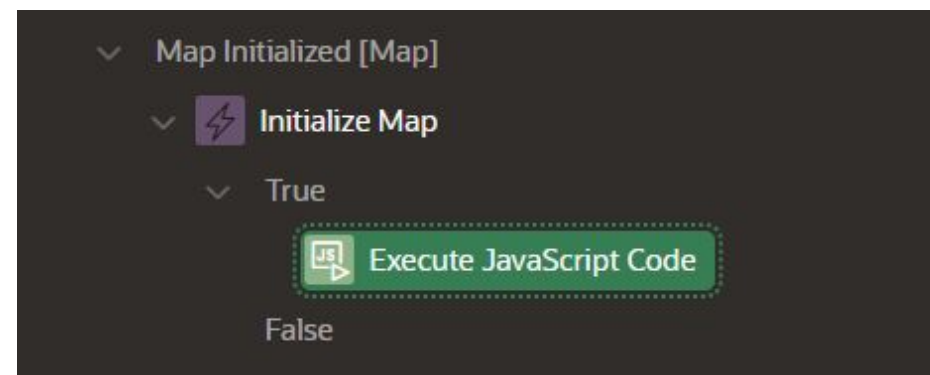
```
//Get MapLibre GL JS map object (use your Map region static ID)
var map = apex.region('map_id').getMapObject();
//Create GeoJSON source
map.addSource('GeoJSON Source', {
  'type': 'geojson',
  'data':
    {
      "type": "FeatureCollection", "features": [
        {
          "type": "Feature", "properties": {}, "geometry": {
            "coordinates": [17.031886060772507, 51.10959056655955], "type": "Point"
          }
        },
        {
          "type": "Feature", "properties": {}, "geometry": {
            "coordinates": [17.01170439017099, 51.126261821012775], "type": "Point"
          }
        },
        {
          "type": "Feature", "properties": {}, "geometry": {
            "coordinates": [17.03808613985592, 51.09791225198302], "type": "Point"
          }
        },
        {
          "type": "Feature", "properties": {}, "geometry": {
            "coordinates": [17.07436073427695, 51.10437264042079], "type": "Point"
          }
        },
        {
          "type": "Feature", "properties": {}, "geometry": {
            "coordinates": [17.005245052243396, 51.098923052364825], "type": "Point"
          }
        }
      ]
    }
});
//Create GeoJSON layer
map.addLayer({
  'id': 'wroclaw_geojson_layer_id',
  'type': 'circle',
  'source': 'GeoJSON Source', //Previously created source (lines 5-15)
  'paint': {
    'circle-radius': 10,
    'circle-color': '#B42222'
  }
});
```



# Custom layers - GeoJSON



# Custom layers - WMS - Web Map Service



```
1 //Get MapLibre GL JS map object
2 var map = apex.region('map_id').getMapObject();
3
4 //Add Source
5 map.addSource('wroclaw', {
6   'type': 'raster',
7   'tiles': [
8     'https://gis1.um.wroc.pl/arcgis/services/ogc/OGC_ortofoto_2022/MapServer/WMServer?'.
9     concat('service=WMS&',
10      'layers=1&',
11      'styles=&',
12      'version=1.1.1&',
13      'request=GetMap&',
14      'bbox={bbox-epsg-3857}&',
15      'format=image/png&',
16      'srs=EPSG:3857&',
17      'transparent=true&',
18      'width=256&',
19      'height=256')
20   ],
21   'tileSize': 256
22 });
23
24 //Add new layer
25 map.addLayer(
26   {
27     'id': 'wroclaw_id',
28     'type': 'raster',
29     'source': 'wroclaw',
30     'paint': {}
31   }
32 );
```



# Custom layers – WMS – Web Map Service

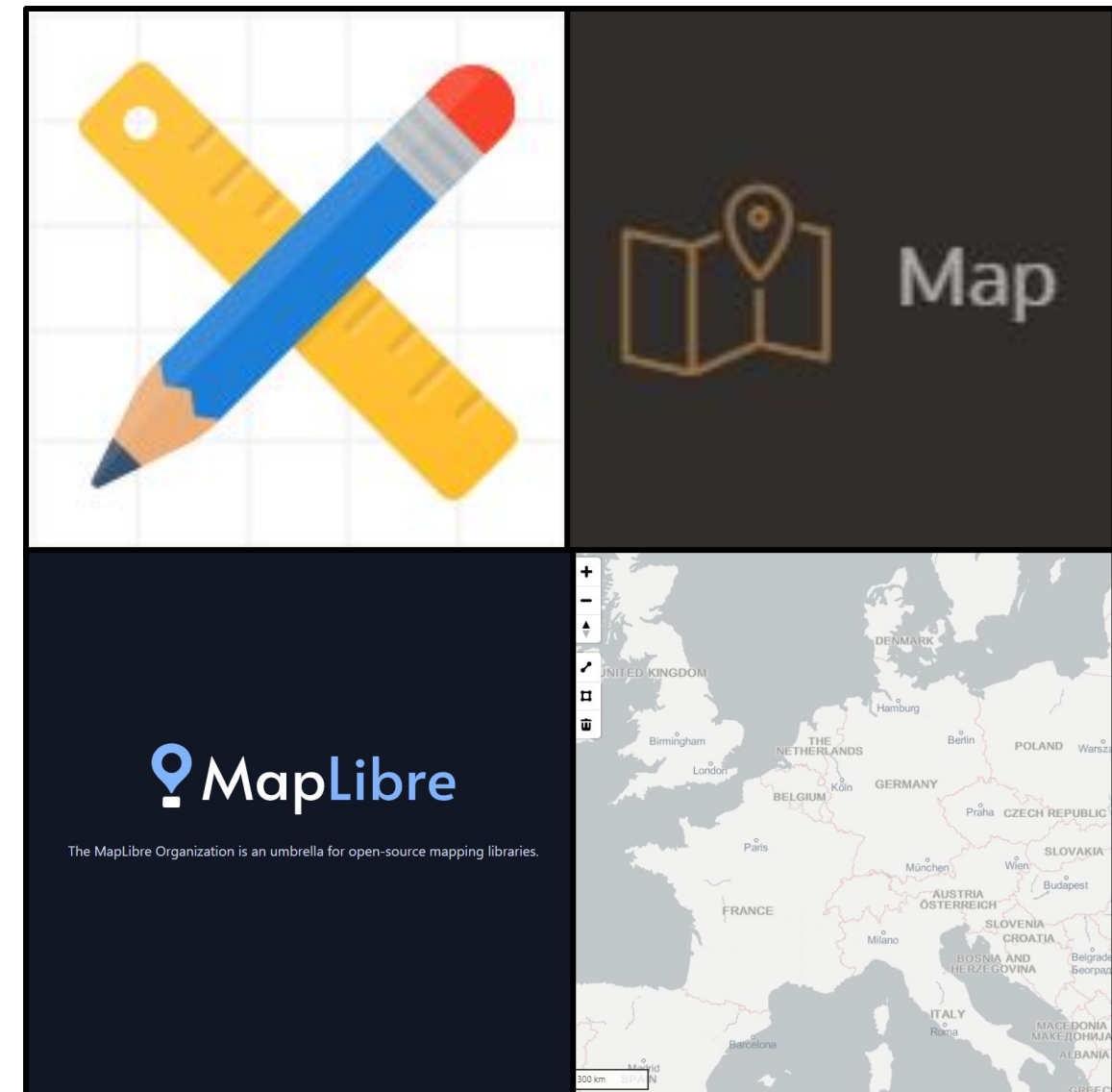




# MapLibre: Dynamic Legend

# Map region and Dynamic Legend

- <https://maplibre.org/maplibre-gl-js/docs/plugins/>
- Event: Map Initialized [Map]
- Action: Execute JavaScript Code
- `var map = apex.region('static_id').getMapObject();`
- `map.addSource & map.addLayer`
- `map.addControl(new MapboxLegendControl(
 {'LAYER_ID':'LAYER NAME'}), 'bottom-left');`





[207225:12] Custom Layers

Custom Layers

apex.oracle.com/pls/apex/r/apex/app-builder/page-designer?fb\_flow\_id=207225&fb\_flow\_page\_id=12&f4000\_p1\_flow=207225&f4000\_p1\_page=12&clear=1&session=6558204741547

APEX

App Builder

SQL Workshop

Team Development

Gallery

Search

LC Lech Cieřlik

lc\_ws\_demo

Application 207225

Page 12: Custom Layers

12

Go

Save

Rendering

Dynamic Actions

Processing

Page Shared Components

Events

Page Load

Change

Click

Dialog Closed

Map Initialized [Map]

Map Initialized

True

Execute JavaScript Code

False

Layout

Page Search

Help

Custom Layers

BANNER

AFTER LOGO

BEFORE NAVIGATION BAR

AFTER NAVIGATION BAR

TOP NAVIGATION

BREADCRUMB BAR

Breadcrumb

UP

REGION BODY

REGION CONTENT

SUB REGIONS

PREVIOUS

CLOSE

DELETE

HELP

CHANGE

EDIT

COPY

CREATE

NEXT

SEARCH FIELD AND SMART FILTERS

Regions

Items

Buttons

Avatar

Badge

Breadcrumb

Calendar

Cards

Chart

Classic Report

Comments

Content Row

Dynamic Content

Faceted Search

Form

Help Text

Interactive Grid

Interactive Report

List

Map

Media List

Region Display Selector

Search

Dynamic Action

Filter

Identification

Name

Map Initialized

Execution

Sequence

10

Event Scope

Static

Type

Immediate

When

Event

Map Initialized [Map]

Selection Type

Region

Region

Custom Layers

Client-side Condition

Type

- Select -

Server-side Condition

Type

- Select -

Security

Authorization Scheme

- Select -

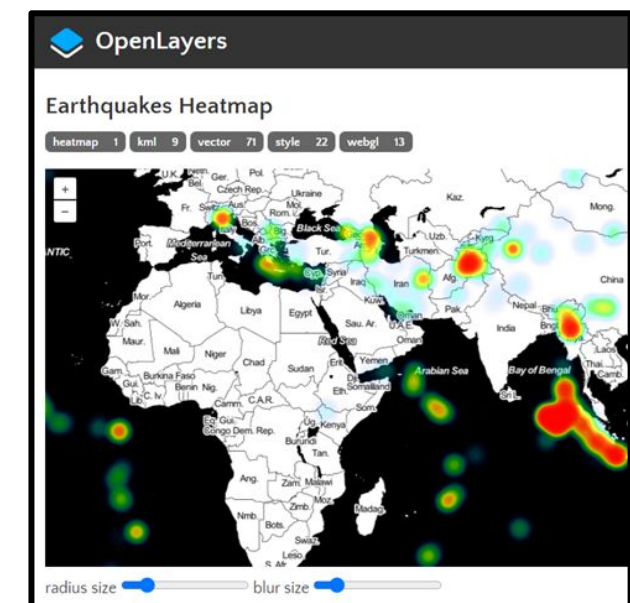
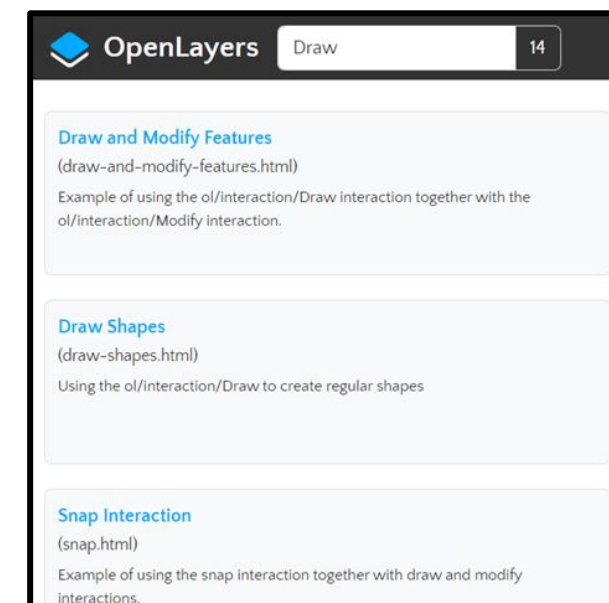
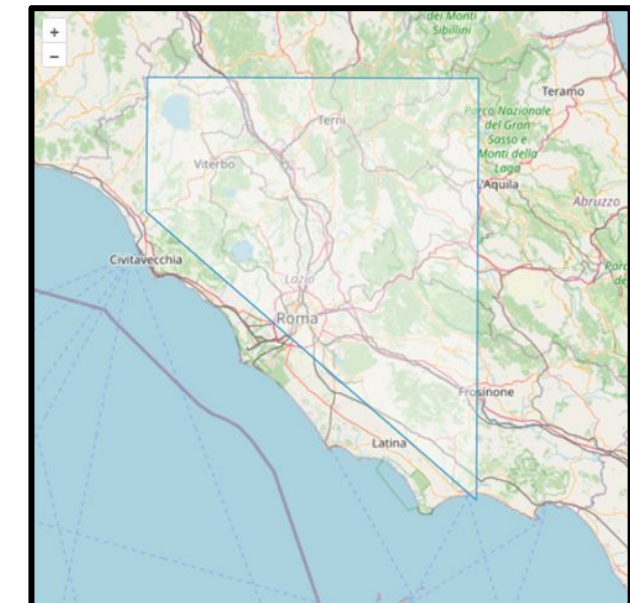
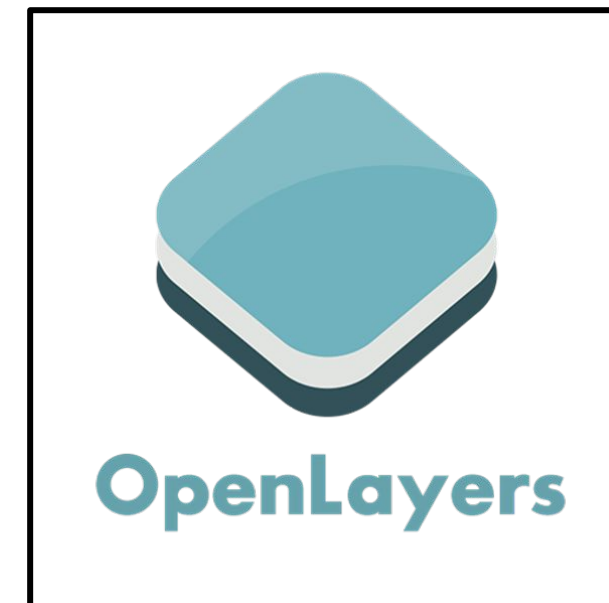
Configuration

Something else

# OpenLayers

- „A high-performance, feature-packed library for all your mapping needs“
- Open Source, JavaScript library
- Version: 9.2.4
- Maps, layers, markers, customization, API
- 248 ready-made examples on:

<https://openlayers.org/en/latest/examples/>





# MapLibre vs OpenLayers

```
1 //Get MapLibre GL JS map object
2 var map = apex.region('map_id').getMapObject();
3
4 //Add Draw plug-in.
5 var draw = new MapboxDraw({
6   displayControlsDefault: false,
7   controls: {
8     point: true,
9     line_string: true,
10    polygon: true,
11    trash: true
12  }
13 });
14
15 //Add Control to map
16 map.addControl(draw, 'top-left');
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
```

```
1 //Create Raster Source
2 const sourceRaster = new ol.source.OSM();
3
4 //Create new layer - Open Street Maps
5 const raster = new ol.layer.Tile({
6   source: sourceRaster
7 });
8
9 //Create Vector Source
10 const source = new ol.source.Vector({wrapX: false});
11
12 //Create new layer - Vector Source
13 const vector = new ol.layer.Vector ({
14   source: source,
15 });
16
17 //Create map
18 const map = new ol.Map({
19   //set layer(s)
20   layers: [raster, vector],
21   //set container
22   target: 'map_id',
23   //set view
24   view: new ol.View({
25     center: ol.proj.fromLonLat([12.48, 41.85]),
26     zoom: 8
27   })
28 });
29
30 //Add Interaction (Draw object functionality)
31 var draw = new ol.interaction.Draw({
32   source: source,
33   type: 'Polygon', //Point //LineString
34 });
35
36 map.addInteraction(draw);
37
```



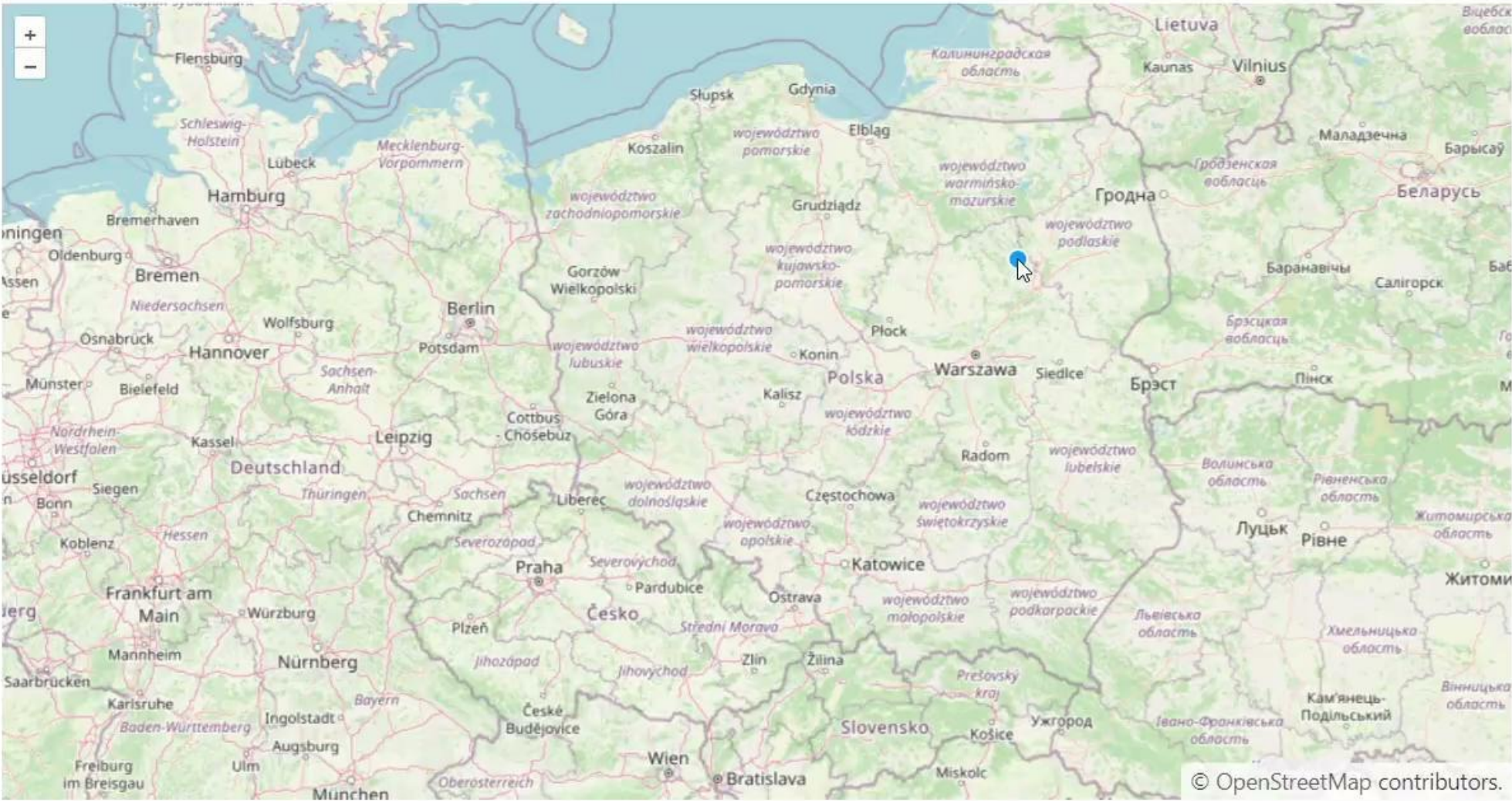
Page DesignerOpenLayers

apex.oracle.com/pls/apex/r/lc\_ws\_demo/demo/openlayers?session=106555544770128

DEMOleszek.cieslik@gmail.com

# OpenLayers

My OpenLayers Map



© OpenStreetMap contributors.

Detail PanelGeoJSON

GeoJSON

Info

Check GeJSON: [geojson.io](https://geojson.io)

Info

OpenLayers provides 230 ready-made examples of various functionalities:  
<https://openlayers.org/en/latest/examples/>

App 26815Page 140SessionDebugQuick EditCustomize

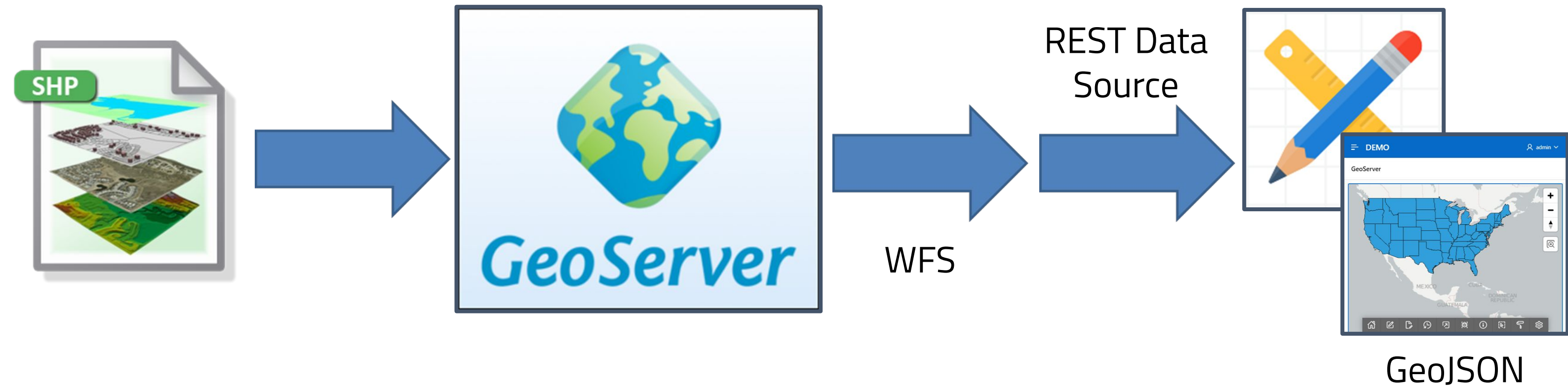
## GeoServer

- GeoServer is an open-source server for sharing geospatial data
- Data formats like Shapefiles, CSV, PostGIS...
- Standards: Web Map Service (**WMS**) and Web Feature Service (**WFS**)
- Documentation: <https://docs.geoserver.org/>





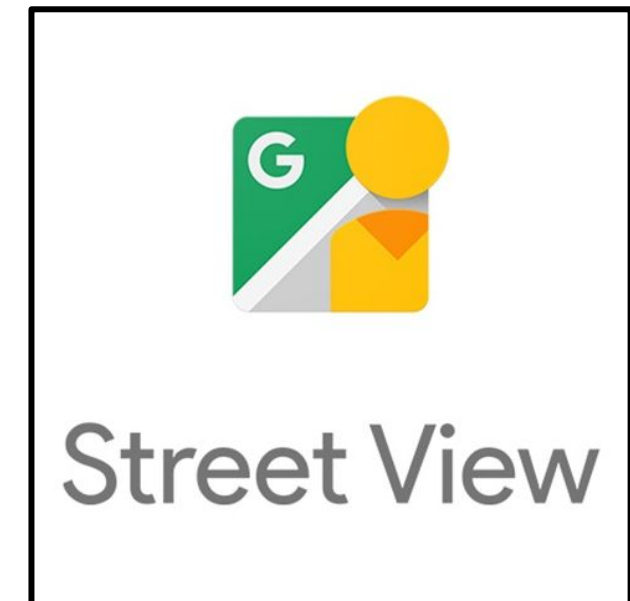
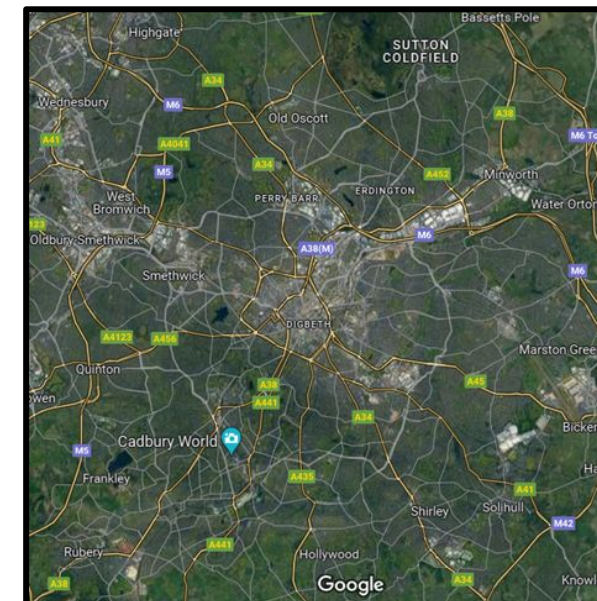
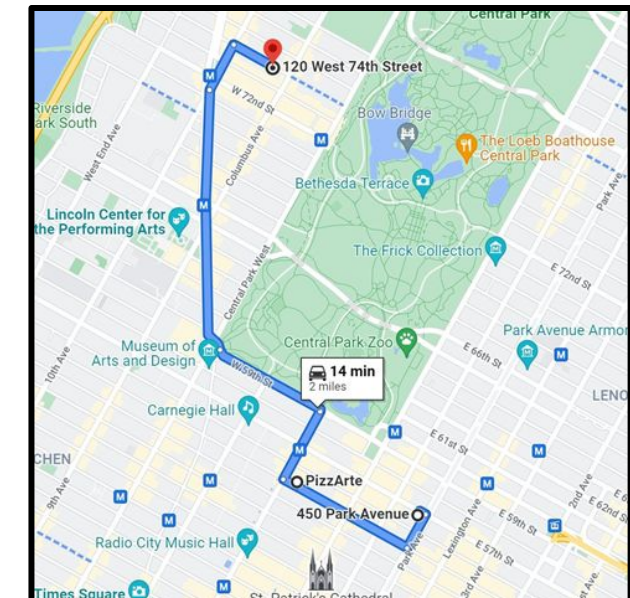
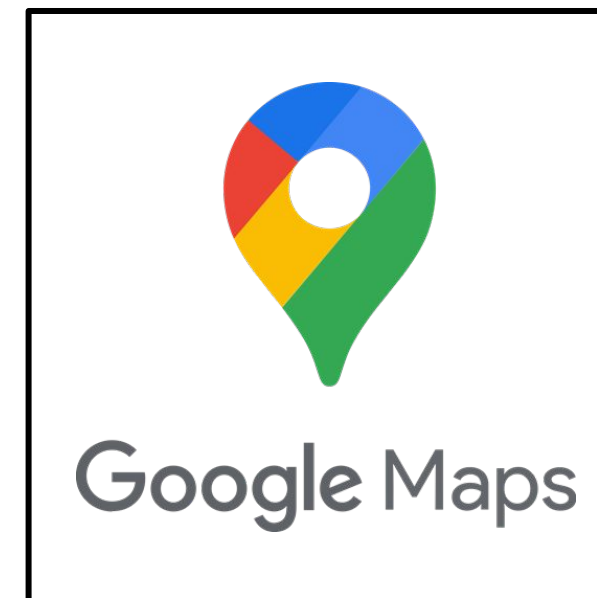
# GeoServer



## Google Maps

- No introduction needed 😊
- Google API Key
- Limitations
- Map JavaScript API
- Documentation:

<https://developers.google.com/maps/documentation/javascript>




# Sample Maps



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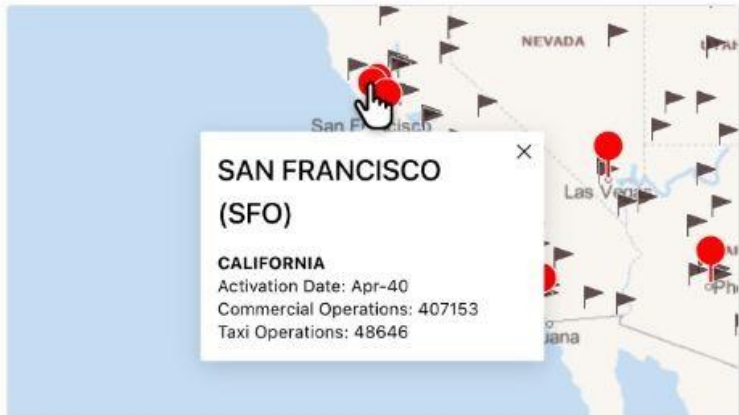
# Sample Maps



## Sample Maps Application

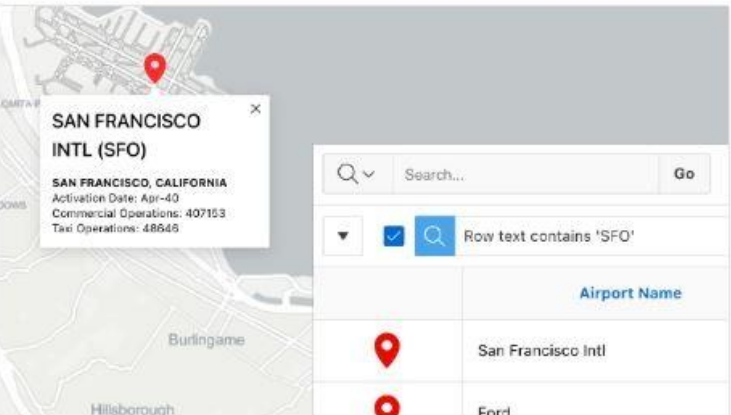
This application contains usage examples for the APEX Map Region.

Welcome to the **Sample Maps** Application. This application contains numerous examples which make use of the Map Region and Oracle Locator, a feature which is included in every Oracle Database.





### Clickable Map

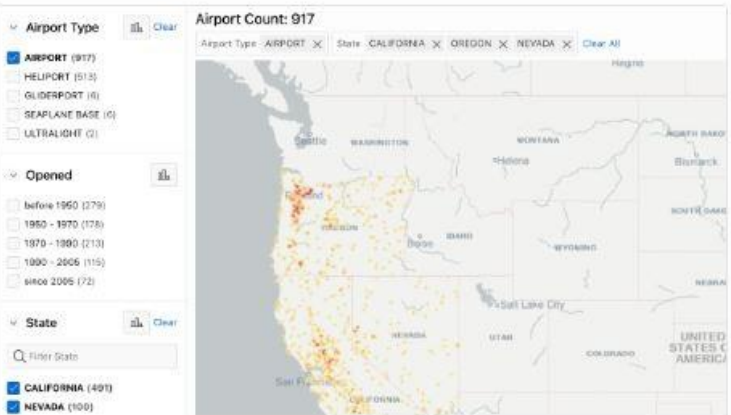
Visualize airport data using *map markers*.



### Search and Show

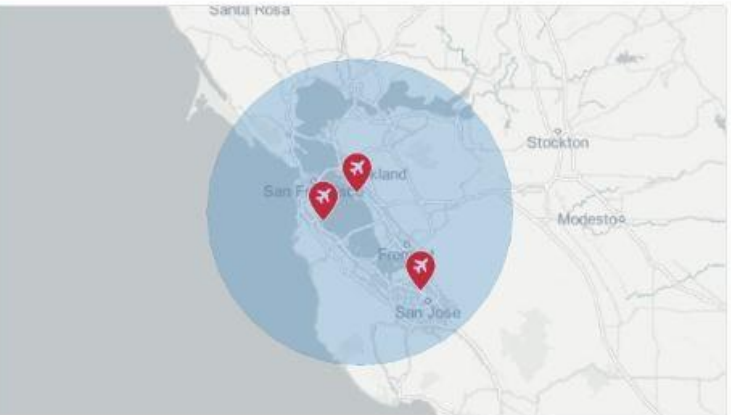
Search for an airport within an Interactive Report, and visualize it on a map.

	Airport Name
	San Francisco Intl
	Ford



### Faceted Search

Provide powerful analysis on airport data using *Faceted Search*.



### Circle Search

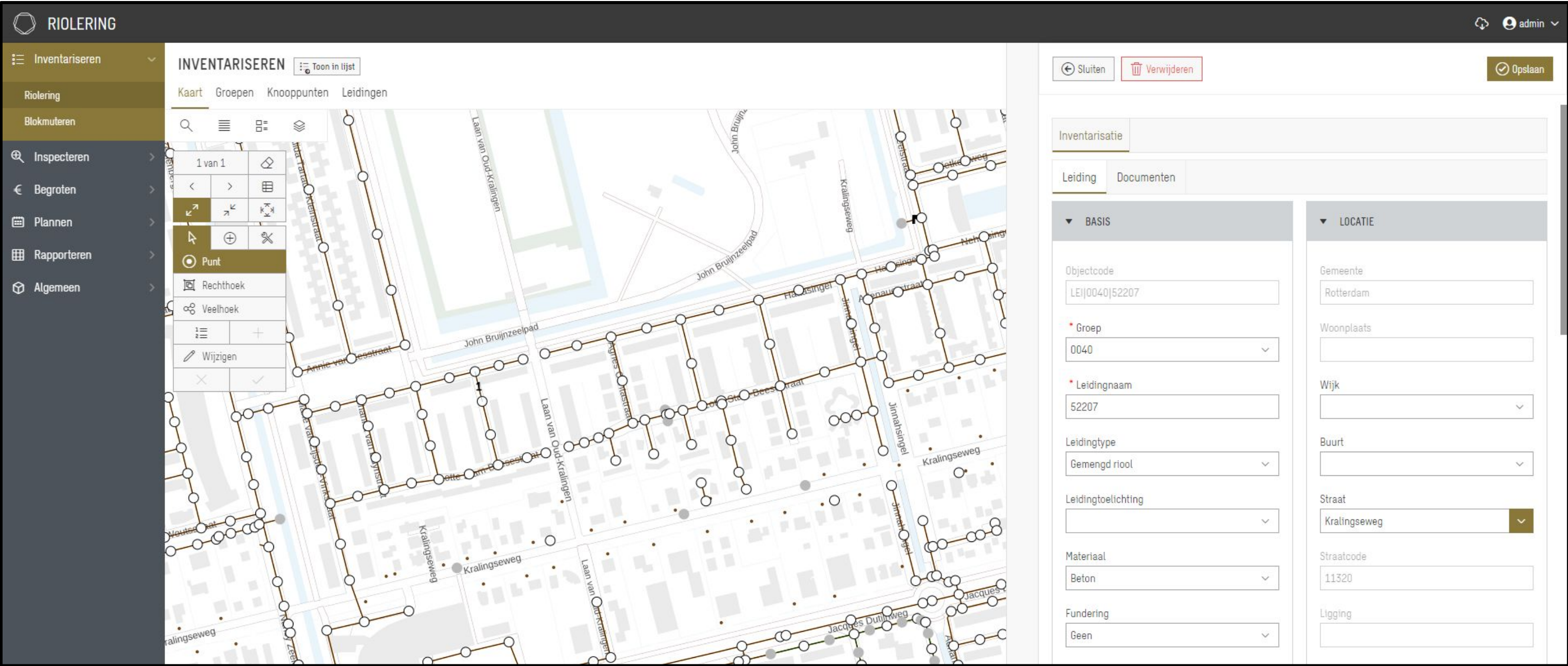
Draw a circle onto a map and find all airports within that circle.

- [https://apex.oracle.com/pls/apex/r/apex\\_pm/sample-maps/home](https://apex.oracle.com/pls/apex/r/apex_pm/sample-maps/home)
- <https://pretius.com/blog/oracle-apex-packaged-apps/>

# Examples



# Oracle APEX and Maps – it’s happening!

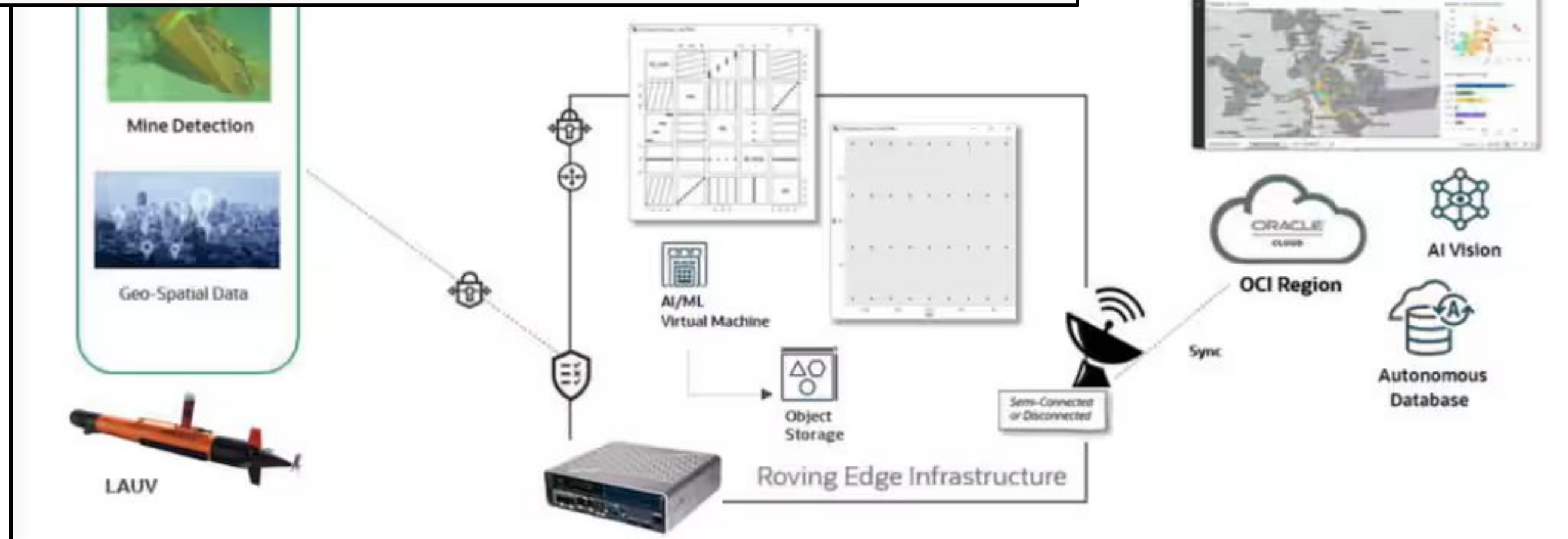


# Oracle APEX and Maps - it's happening!

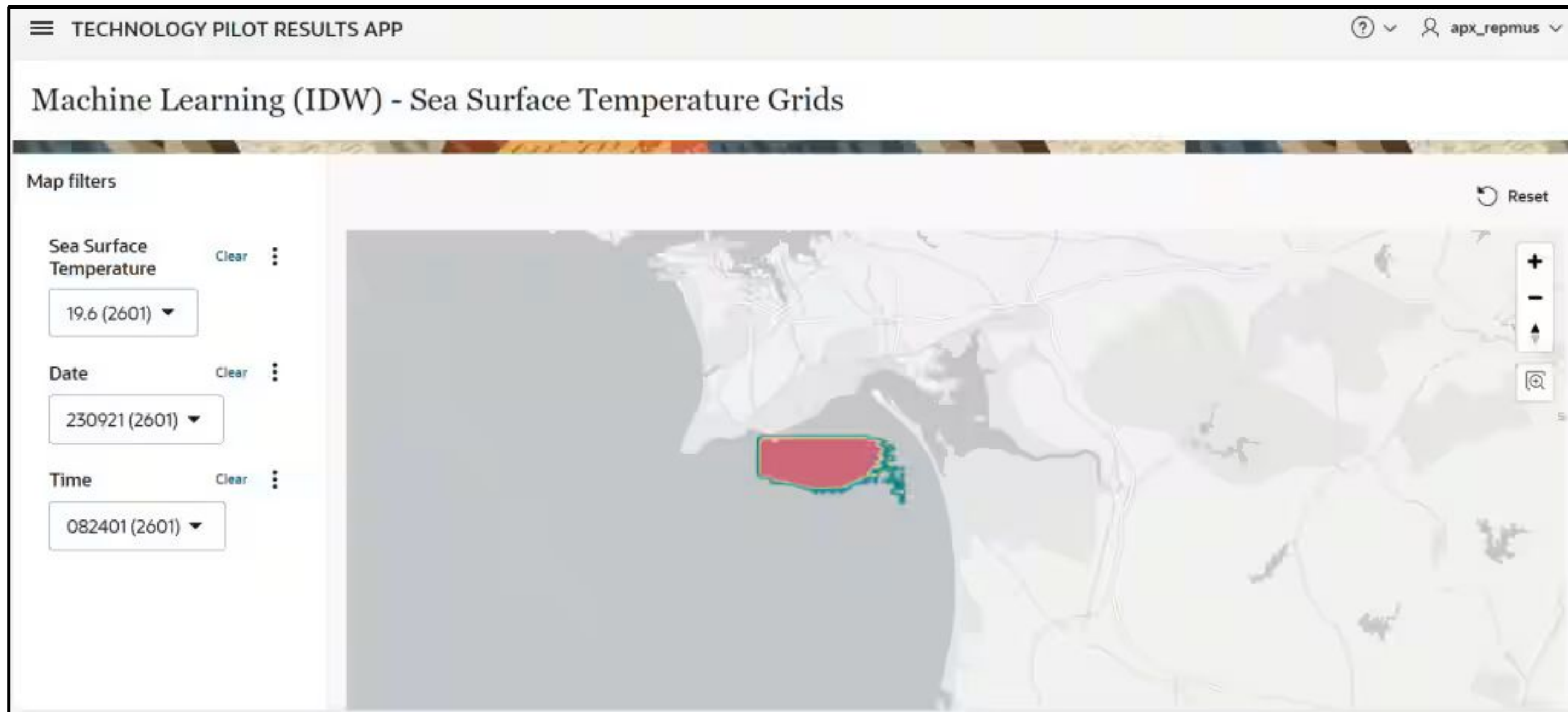
Product News

## Oracle successfully demonstrates tactical solutions in NATO exercise

October 18, 2023 | 5 minute read




# Oracle APEX and Maps - it's happening!






... there is still one  
minute left

Map Region (Layers; Dynamic Actions; Geocoding; GeoLocation; Plugins; Customization) Faceted Search



Google Maps



API

MapLibre



Oracle APEX

OpenLayers

WFS/WMS

Data Workshop



GeoServer



MapServer

open source web mapping






CSV



GeoJSON



SHP



GeoJSON    SDO\_GEOMETRY    VARCHAR2

## ... there is still one minute left

1. Sample Maps Application
2. <https://docs.oracle.com/en/database/oracle/oracle-database/19/spatl/spatial-reference-information.html>
3. <https://docs.oracle.com/en/database/oracle/application-express/21.2/aexjs/mapRegion.html>
4. <https://maplibre.org/maplibre-gl-js-docs/api/>
5. <https://lcieslik.hashnode.dev/>





Thank you and feel free to  
reach me at the event or online!



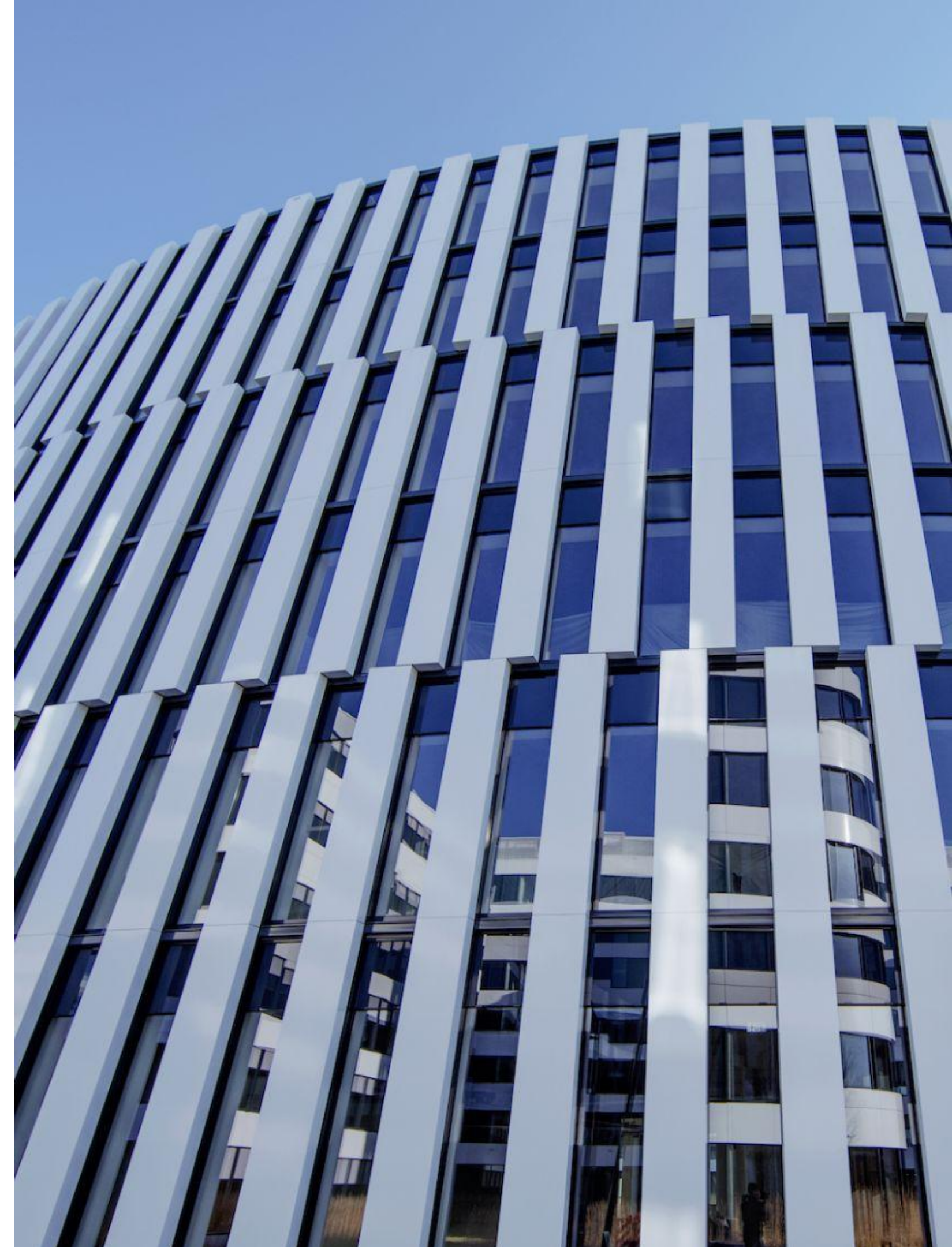
**Lech Cieřlik**

Oracle APEX Developer

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[@cieslik\\_l](#)

[lcieslik.hashnode.dev](https://lcieslik.hashnode.dev)







Please fill in your  
evaluations